ELECTRICITY

If you want to buy anyth'ng Electrical, or wish any Electrical work done, call on

QUINTARD & PACKARD
15 Broad Street.

The Daily Colonist.

STOP THAT COUGH
—BY USING—
BRADEN'S COUGH CURE.
SAFE AND SURE.
50 Cents a Bottle.
For sale only by
D. E. CAMPBELL,
Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

VOL. LXX.---NO. 104 VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10 1893. THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

FINE JEWELRY

—AT—

DAVIDSON BROS.,

NO. 59 GOVERNMENT STREET

SOME OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

oc5

Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour

(MILLED UNDER NEW AND UNPARALLELED METHODS)

PRODUCES MORE BREAD PER BARREL THAN ANY OTHER IN THE MARKET.

This Flour is very sharp and granular, of high creamy color, which means great strength. Requires plenty of water, and the dough must not be made too stiff, but softer than what you have been accustomed to when using other flours. REMEMBER, THAT INCREASED STRENGTH IN FLOUR MEANS MONEY TO YOU, yielding a greater quantity of bread, thus far more than repaying you for any little extra time. KEEP THE DOUGH SOFT, GIVING IT PLENTY OF GROWING ROOM. EACH BAG GUARANTEED. Sewn with our special twine—Red, White and Blue.

G. M. LEISHMAN, AGENT FOR B.C. jy23-1m

SPECIAL SALE
—OF—
BOOKS & STATIONERY.

In order to make room for the Holiday Goods we are reducing the following lines:
Miscellaneous Books, Bible, Prayer and Hymn Books, 20 per cent. Blank Books, Gold pens and pencil cases, 25 per cent. Photograph and Scrap Albums, 25 per cent. Dressing cases and Toilet Sets, 25 per cent. Prang's Chromos and Artist's Copies, 50 per cent.

J. JOHNSTON & CO., - - 77 GOVERNMENT STREET.
se9

ELITE
LIMOGES CHINA
FOR DECORATING
The Most Complete Line ever Shown in the Province.
THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO'Y.
ap30

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1873.
BANKERS
VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON LIBERAL RATES OF INTEREST.
DRAFTS, ORDERS, TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED DIRECT ON OVER 10,000 CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, MEXICO AND CHINA.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT EVERY POINT.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.
AGENTS FOR WELLS. FARGO & CO.
ap25-1yr

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to Increase.) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000
HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.
BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.
AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia. IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York. Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & CO.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. ap5 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & CO
TRADE MARK FOR HOLLOW WARE
16 AND 18 DEBRESOLES ST.
MONTREAL.
TRADE MARK FOR W. ROGERS KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
FINEST QUALITY
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
ALSO SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED
WM. ROGERS' Knives, Forks and Spoons. E. A. WHIMBEY MAN'GR FOR CAN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Nurse girl. Apply at Balmoral Hotel. oc10

WANTED—A smart boy, in store and to run errands. Apply between 9 and 11 o'clock at Hobbs', 121 Fort street, corner Blanchard. oc10-1t

WANTED—A situation as general help, by a very reliable woman. Apply Wm. Thompson & Co., Cor. View and Quadra St. oc10 2t

WANTED—The best value for money spent by every man or woman possessing common sense. At the New York Restaurant, Yates street, a meal equal to that of any 50-cent hotel in the city is served for 25 cents—with wine, 50 cents. Best of attention and best quality of everything. A. C. Trainor, proprietor. oc7

MRS. C. MAYO-STEERS, Medium. Circles Tuesday and Friday evenings at 8 o'clock. Private readings from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Doane Block, 90 Douglas street. oc10-6t

LOST—On Macauley Point, Saturday afternoon, a Fox Terrier, white with tan head. Finder will be rewarded by returning him to Col. Peters, Barracks. oc10-2t

ARE you quick to catch a suggestion? If so, you will be the gainer by taking advantage of the low prices at which we have marked our goods. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street. oc10-1t

STRAYED—On Sunday, from old Esquimalt road, a light red, brindled, milch cow. Finder will be rewarded. Write to Mrs. Jos. Bayley, old Esquimalt road. oc10-1t

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER—Young man with four years' experience, wants situation; references. Address "Permanent," Colonist office. oc10-1t

LOST—A Fox Terrier puppy, tan marked over both eyes, with white metal collar. The finder will be rewarded by returning him to F. N. Templer, the Barracks, Victoria. oc10 2t

BOSTON BAKED BEANS AND BROWN BREAD

THE LADIES OF CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH
—WILL GIVE A—
New England Supper,
In the School room, Herald Street,
ON TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 10.
BAKED BEANS, BROWN BREAD, PUMPKIN PIES, ETC., ETC.
Admission Free. Supper 25 Cts.
oc10-1t

A. O. U. W.

Members of Sullivan Lodge, No. 6, and sister lodges are requested to meet at Fernwood Hall, Spring Ridge, TO-DAY at 9.30 sharp, to attend the funeral of the late Bro. John Vermouth.
GEORGE PHILLIPS,
oc10 Master Workman.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS for the erection of a frame dwelling house at Saanich, B. C., will be received up to noon on Friday, 13th inst. Plans and specifications at office of
S. MACLURE,
Architect.
Room 23, Five Sisters Block,
October 9th, 1893. oc10-3t
(Times Copy.)

TONY ELLIOTT,
(Formerly employed by Weiler Bros.)
Paperhanger, Tinter and Kalsominer,
Is now prepared to do work at cheap rates. Contracts given in papering and tinting. All orders promptly attended to.
Orders to be left at Erskine, Wall & Co's, cor. Fort and Government streets. oc10-tf

9 CORDS IN 10 HOURS

BY ONE MAN. Send for free illustrated catalogue, showing testimonials from thousands who have sawed from 5 to 9 cords daily. It saws down trees, folds like a pocket-knife, weighs only 41 lbs., easily carried on shoulder. One man can saw more timber with it than two men with a crosscut saw. 75,000 in use. We also make larger sized machine to carry 7 foot saw. No duty to pay, we manufacture in Canada. First order secures the agency. FOLDING SAWING MACHINE CO., 241 to 249 S. Jefferson Street, Chicago, Ill.
(Please mention this paper.)
oc10

NOTICE TO PETIT JURIES.

Notice is hereby given that the Petit Juries summoned for the Special Assize, are required to be and appear at the court house at 11 o'clock this morning, to answer to their names for service.
J. E. McMILLAN,
oc10 1t Sheriff

Assignment for Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt, of Victoria and Genoa, B.C., carrying on business under the name of "Hughitt & McIntyre," having made an assignment to the undersigned, for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of "Hughitt & McIntyre," are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned.
THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.
Victoria, 9th October, 1893. oc10-12t

DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI.

The "Viking's" Route for Norway.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—It has been decided to-day that the Viking is to leave Chicago by way of the canal into the Illinois river, passing St. Louis and New Orleans, and proceeding round the coast to Boston, where she will arrive next spring. Capt. Anderser states that he would rather spend the winter down the Mississippi and the Gulf of Mexico than let the ship stay in Lake Michigan. Capt. Anderson will, on his arrival at Boston next spring, visit the different places of interest in Vineland, connected with Leif Erickson and his followers, voyagers to this country in the tenth century. The Viking will then start for Norway, where the captain hopes to arrive on May 17, the Norwegian day of independence.

FOR a good game of billiards or pool, call at M. C. Brown's, Duck Block. se14-1m

CABLE LETTER.

Union of Conservatives—No New Plank to be Added to the Platform.

Expectations That Gladstone Will Be Pushed From Power—Liberal and Tory Calculations.

(Copyright, 1893, by the United Press.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The National Union of Conservative associations, which will meet at Cardiff early in November, will elect the Earl of Dunraven, owner of the Valkyrie, to be its president. This conference of the National Union is to the Conservatives what the great annual caucus of the National Liberal Federation is to the Liberals, and its highest is an exceptional political honor.

The Marquis of Bute, who has immense money interests in the Cardiff district, was a possible candidate for the office, but the Earl of Dunraven is preferred, as he is not only a great Welsh landowner, but also a sound politician. He is, therefore, the unanimous choice of his party. Although yachting is his dominant passion, he is an earnest student of public affairs, an effective speaker, and while Under Secretary of the Colonies, he displayed unexpected qualities as a discreet statesman.

The Conservative conference probably will not add any new plank to the Conservative platform, which naturally cannot be enlarged with the ease attending the development of the Liberal programme.

The Marquis af Salisbury will make before the conference his first speech since the adjournment of Parliament. He will indicate the line of policy for the Opposition, and will re explain, with some details, the means with which he hopes to effect his grand purpose of an early dissolution. Supreme confidence pervades Conservative circles that the Government will be badly beaten in the next general election. The British majority against the Gladstonians is expected by Conservative statesmen to be so decisive that the Irish vote will be swamped in the House of Commons and the Unionists will have a certainty of seven years in power. This expectancy is based largely on the returns from the constituencies upon the completion of the electoral registrations. Everywhere the registers show Unionist gains.

Mr. Balfour, leader of the Unionists in the Lower House, recently described London as the key to the electoral situation, and expressed the conviction that the returns from London would reveal an average gain of 500 votes in every one of thirty metropolitan constituencies. The chief of the Conservative electoral executive draws from the registrations their inference that the intense reaction which he finds now in progress against the Government ought to be utilized by his party as soon as possible, to push Mr. Gladstone from power. The trouble with the Conservative managers is that they cannot find any means of forcing the Government to a dissolution at once, and when Mr. Gladstone shall consent to go before the country the whole situation among the voters may be changed.

Speaking in Edinburgh, this week, Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer in the last Salisbury cabinet, hinted that Mr. Gladstone's projected registration reform bill would be rejected by the House of Lords unless the measure should be accompanied with provisions for such a redistribution of the Parliamentary seats as would reduce the number of Irishmen at Westminster.

The Cardiff conference will pass resolutions favoring a redistribution of seats which will limit the Irish representation in Parliament to 80 members instead of 103 as at present. The Liberals say, however, that the rejection of the Registration Reform bill by the Lords would not lead to a dissolution any more than did the rejection of the Home Rule bill. Even if the Peers nerve themselves to throw out every important Liberal measure sent up to them by the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone will proceed to pass through the Lower House all the measures announced in agreement with the Newcastle programme.

The Speaker comments thus: On the report that the Lords will make a fight all along the line, if the House of Lords be bent on such a course, it is not for the Radicals to complain. The enemies of the Peers may well exclaim: "The Lord has delivered them into our hands."

Genedl, the newspaper organ of the Welsh Nationalists, said on Friday that during the last Parliamentary session, Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain had tried to win the Welsh members over to the Opposition by promising, in case of Mr. Gladstone's defeat and his own elevation to the Premiership, to make Welsh disestablishment a Unionist issue in the House of Commons. Samuel P. Evans was named as the Welsh member whom Mr. Chamberlain had approached. To-day Mr. Evans denied the truth of this story. He had received a message, like the one described, he said, from a conspicuous Liberal Unionist who did not sit in Parliament. From Mr. Chamberlain he had never heard a word directly, and he did not believe that the man who made the bid in question for the Welsh vote was acting for the Liberal Unionist leader.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Sherman Act.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The session of the Senate to-day was given up entirely to considering the Sherman Act. That question came up in three separate forms. The first was a sort of personal explanation by Mr. Harris (Democrat, Tennessee), in reply to a resolution adopted at a joint meeting of the Memphis cotton merchants condemning the course of the Tennessee Senators on the silver question.

Latest Papal Encyclical.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Advices from Rome are to the effect that the Pope has completed the preparation of the encyclical upon which he has been engaged for several weeks and in which he impresses upon Roman Catholics the necessity of earnest devotion to the "Most Holy Rosary." The document will rank among the most important issued by the Pope in several years. It is announced that the consistory which was to have been held during the first week of December has been indefinitely postponed owing to the fact that all the documents relating to matters to be considered by the body, including those having reference to the nomination of archbishops and bishops, were destroyed by the recent fire in the Caffarelli palace, and in which the Papal auditor, Archbishop Fausti, had his offices and residence apartments.

Seven Hundred Thousand Admissions.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—Seven hundred thousand people, doubtless the greatest crowd that ever congregated, visited the World's Fair to-day, breaking the greatest one-day record at Paris by an overwhelming majority.

THE SOLAR ECLIPSE.

Ten Photographs Secured at the Lick Observatory.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—The partial solar eclipse to-day attracted considerable attention throughout the State. The weather generally was clear, but at Mount Hamilton it was entirely cloudy until noon, and observers were much troubled by flying clouds during the remainder of the eclipse. Ten photographs were secured, however, and the last contact was observed by four observers. Director Holden, of the Lick observatory, stated to a United Press reporter that the eclipse was of no special astronomical importance.

CABLE NEWS.

Viscount Clancarty's Daughter.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The Countess of Clancarty gave birth to a daughter to-day. The Countess was formerly Belle Bilton, the musical singer. She married the present Earl of Clancarty in 1889 when he was Lord Dunlo. He sued for a divorce in 1890, but the jury decided against him. After the verdict he became reconciled to her.

No More Panic in Rio.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro from the Exchange Telegraph Company, says: "The panic has subsided completely. Business is transacted freely and all the banks are open."

Ferdinand de Lesseps Dying.

PARIS, Oct. 9.—It is expected that Count Ferdinand de Lesseps, who has been ill for some time, will die before morning.

THE FINE ARTS.

Opening of a New Gallery for the Laboring Classes by the Prince of Wales.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The Prince of Wales to-day opened the new gallery of fine arts in the South London Library. The purpose of those interested in the gallery is to afford to the laboring classes an opportunity to see the works of the best old and modern masters. The Prince, accompanied by the Duke and Duchess of York, rode in an open carriage from Marlborough House to the Gallery. Great crowds lined the streets through which the Royal party passed, and the Prince was cheered almost constantly. At the Gallery he was received by the Lord Mayor, the Bishop of Rochester and several academicians. In his speech he dwelt upon the importance of acquainting the working people with the best forms of art and literature. Thirty thousand pounds sterling have been expended upon the Gallery, and a large fund is to be used to add to it periodically.

"HANGING UP HOME RULE."

John Redmond Warns the Irish Against This "Deadly Peril."

DUBLIN, Oct. 9.—John Redmond, M. P. for Waterford, and leader of the Parnellites, addressed a Parnellite meeting in this city this evening. He warned the Irish members of Parliament against "the deadly peril" of supporting the Gladstone policy of hanging up Home Rule, while using Irish votes to pass a number of English reforms.

BISMARCK BETTER.

His Physician Has Confidence That He Will Live Ten Years Yet.

HAMBURG, Oct. 9.—Dr. Schweninger told a friend yesterday that Prince Bismarck had shown surprising endurance during his journey. "He has recovered from the fatigue so completely," said the doctor, "that I have more confidence than when I took over his treatment this year that he will live ten years more. His last illness has proved the excellency of his constitution.

ARABS BEATEN.

The Belgian Troops Have a Signal Victory Near Stanley Pool.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10.—A dispatch from St. Paul de Loanda says that the Belgian troops have won an important victory over the Arab slave traders near Stanley Pool, and have taken the Arabs stronghold at Kasongo.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves, nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, headaches, pimples on the face and body, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and ten cents in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell Ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada.
Please mention this paper.

Carpenter tools at Cheapside. ‡

CAPITAL NOTES.

Return of Ministers to Their Departmental Duties—Order in Council To Be Rescinded.

The Governor General and Education—Manitoba School Case to Commence Next Week.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Oct. 9.—All the ministers have returned from their Western tour except Sir John Thompson, who has gone to Montreal to meet Lady Thompson, who is returning from England.

It is probable that the recent order-in-council, prohibiting the importation of dried fruits from Smyrna, will be rescinded on account of representations made by the trade of Montreal and Toronto.

Lord Aberdeen has promised to attend the opening of the University Extension course here, on November 7.

Chief Justice Sir Samuel Henry Strong will probably go on six months leave of absence on the completion of the Manitoba school case, which will probably commence next week.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Sentenced for Life.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—After a trial at the assizes here, lasting four days, the jury brought in a verdict of manslaughter against three Freeman Brothers, colored, on trial for the murder of Policeman Rankin, of Chatham, while attempting to arrest one of the brothers. George, Alexander and William Freeman were each sentenced to life imprisonment.

Died of Her Injuries.

AGINCOURT, Oct. 9.—Miss Richardson, niece of Mrs. R. W. Matthews who was killed by the Canadian Pacific train here on Saturday, died last evening from injuries received in the same accident.

The Hooper Mystery.

COBOURG, Oct. 9.—Hooper still keeps up his insane talk, but eats freely of jail food, besides having meat sent from the outside. He slept very well on Sunday night and was much quieter than on the night of his arrival here. To-morrow evening he will be taken to Port Hope to be present at the inquest, which will be resumed at 7 p.m.

By Land and Sea.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 9.—To-morrow, Admiral Hopkins, in command of the warships Blake, Tartar and Mohawk, will attack the city. The ships will leave port late to-night or early Tuesday morning, from a point outside the harbor. The defence will be under the command of General Montgomery Moore. Colonel Saunders will be in charge of the royal artillery. The latter will man the various forts assisted by a detachment from the Halifax Garrison Artillery. The 66th battalion will leave at 9:30 for the head of the arm. At this point they will be formed in two divisions. The right half, under Colonel Humphreys, will proceed to the junction of St. Margaret's Bay and Prospect road. The left half will be in charge of Major Weston, and will march to a spot on the Herring Cove road, in the vicinity of Long lake. These detachments will be accompanied by several companies of the H. G. A., with field guns. The 63rd rifles will be divided into three companies. One company will be conveyed from the harbor yard to York redoubt, where the defence will be operated. The remaining two companies go to McNab's island. From these a company will, if required, be thrown off to the eastern passage. The 8th (King's) regiment will parade at 9 o'clock. The larger number will be dispatched to St. Margaret's Bay, accompanied by several companies of field artillery. The remainder of the regulars will go to McNab's Island and form supports for the 63rd, who will send out skirmishers.

ALBERNI'S GOLD FIELDS.

Activity Increasing in the New Garden of Wealth—Trails to be Built at Once.

NANAIMO, Oct. 9.—(Special.)—Two prospectors arrived in town from China Creek this afternoon and report things still very lively there. Almost 40 miners are working, and a contract has been let for the construction of a trail from Alberni to the head of China Creek.

Frank McQuillan to-day commenced work on the trail to his claim on Hiwatches Creek.

Mr. Lucy, the mining engineer sent out by a Victoria syndicate, returned the same time and speaks very favorably of the district.

'FRISCO'S FAIR.

Work Progressing Satisfactorily on the Different Buildings.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—Work is progressing steadily on the ground and buildings of the Midwinter Fair at Golden Gate Park. On the first floor the four sides and galleries of the Mechanical Arts building are in. The foundation of the Agriculture and Horticultural building is partly in. The floor of the Manufactures and Liberal Arts department will be placed this week. The Fine Arts building is steadily rising. The plans and specifications for the Administration building will be ready to-morrow.

Intending visitors to the World's Fair or other points in the Eastern States, can now make the quickest time by the new Soo-Pacific Route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on which Tourist and Sleeping Cars are run daily. This new route is ten hours shorter to Chicago, than by any other. *

Important Notice.

The old and well-known firm of Lange & Co., Watchmakers and Jewelers, have removed their place of business from Government street to No. 86 Douglas street, where they will continue to sell off their stock at cost. All repairs of watches, and other orders sent us will be attended to as usual. *

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Stocking the Fraser River Salmon Hatchery—Suicide at Revelstoke.

Demand for British Columbia Lead—Railway Building in the Interior.

[Special to the COLONIST.]

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 9.—General Superintendent Abbott left to-day for Ottawa, being summoned to the bedside of his brother, the ex-Premier, who is seriously ill.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Oct. 9. — Cloudy weather spoiled the view of the sun's eclipse here.

The Port Haney Freezing Co. will make a large shipment of salt salmon to Australia by the next steamer.

Two million salmon ova have been brought down from Harrison Lake for the hatchery.

The Westminster Lacrosse Club sent a beautiful floral wreath to be placed on Harry Quigley's casket.

REVELSTOKE.

(From the Kootenay Star.)

The men at the Consolation mine have been taking out $12 50 per man per day for the past week or two, and the last six days' working had panned out $480.

The Abbott mine shows great improvement as the depth of the shaft has increased.

Lewis Hall, of Hall's Landing, a young man about 30, shot himself dead with a rifle last week. An inquest was held the same day, and a verdict of "killed himself while temporarily insane" was returned.

The Revelstoke and Arrow Lake railway is being pushed while the weather is favorable, and it is expected to be in running order by the end of the year.

The Stoney Creek bridge on the C. P. R., between Rogers' Pass and Donald, in the Selkirks, has borne the proud distinction of being the highest wooden bridge in the world, being 296 feet high. It will soon sink into insignificance as a steel bridge, the arch spans and most of the girders being already in position, and when the timber is removed the highest wooden bridge will not be at Stoney Creek.

NELSON.

(From the Miner.)

The Selby Lead Works, of San Francisco, have had a representative in the Slocan lately making purchases of ore and contracts for a continuous supply for his company. It has been demonstrated that the Slocan ores, owing to their freedom from arsenical and antimonial compounds, produce a more easily ozidized pig lead than they have been able to procure elsewhere, it being soft and easily worked and producing a superior quality of lead oxides.

The Consumers' Water Works Company's system is to be put in first-class order. The mains are all to be enlarged, and put down to a sufficient depth that the frost may not affect them.

The Nelson and Fort Sheppard railway continues to be pushed forward rapidly, the tracklayers having reached a point not more than 26 miles distant from Nelson. The tracklaying is being done with machines, and as much as two miles per day can be covered. There are 100 men on the tracklaying and surfacing gang. Contractor Larsen predicted that by October 20 the rails will be laid to the Nelson depot. All the grading will be completed this coming week.

KASLO-SLOCAN.

(From the Kaslo-Slocan Examiner.)

The Wellington mine shipped 3,200 lbs. of ore last Saturday; the Noble Five shipped 110 tons of ore last Monday, and the Kaslo sampling works have been kept pretty busy this week treating ore from the Miner Boy, Oshkosh and the Dardanelles mines.

Fifty thousand pounds of the Bluebird ore was shipped on Monday morning. The Washington Mining Company sent out 80,000 pounds of ore on Thursday.

KAMLOOPS.

(From the Inland Sentinel.)

Major Vaughan is in the city for the purpose of commencing work on the Thompson river hydraulic mines.

The largest apple exhibited at the World's Fair was grown in the orchard of A. Clemos, Spence's Bridge. It weighed 24½ ounces.

PRINCE GALITZIN.

The Distinguished Russian Traveller to Penetrate Thibet and Enter the Sacred City of Lassa.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Prince Galitzin, who recently visited Vancouver, is in Washington. He is a Fellow of the Geographical Society of St. Petersburg, and the most famous traveller in Russia. He will start soon with an expedition to penetrate the plateau of Thibet with intention of entering the sacred city of Lassa and interviewing the grand llama. It is said that no European has ever faced the grand llama, and the success of Prince Galitzin in his undertaking would be open to great doubt were it not for his record in the way of wonderful journeys. It is over a year since his appearance at the head of a small Cossack caravan in the passes of the Pamir table land, and the extreme northern frontier of India, startled the British Government. He has demonstrated by a journey of over 18 000 miles from the termihus of the Transcaspian railway at Samarcand, that the Indian frontier was accessible to Russian attack through the Pamir tableland, hitherto regarded as inaccessible. Retracing his steps with his caravan, he passed through the Quin Shan Mountains, crossed Eastern Turkestan into Siberia until he struck the caravan route leading to Irkutsk, near Lake Baikal, in Southern Siberia. He then pursued the way east to Vladivostock, thence through Japan to Vancouver and the United States. If Prince Galitzin succeeds in entering Lassa and getting out alive, his next journey will be from the eastern terminus of the trans-Siberian railway along its proposed rout to Behring's Straits; then crossing into Alaska, he will try to pass through British Columbia to the northern boundary of the United States.

Summer Weakness

And that tired feeling, loss of appetite and nervous prostration are driven away by Hood's Sarsaparilla, like mist before the morning sun. To realize the benefit of this great medicine, give it a trial and you will join the army of enthusiastic admirers of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sure, efficient, easy—**Hood's Pills.** They should be in every traveller's grip and every family medicine chest. 25c. a box.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

CHICAGO'S CELEBRATION.

The Greatest of all the Days of the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—The metropolis of the West is indulging in a dual celebration today, which marks the twenty-second anniversary of the great Chicago fire, and likewise marks the liquidation of the floating and bonded indebtedness of the World's Columbian Exposition. It has been designated as "Chicago's day," and as a general holiday the observance is more rigid than in many years. Thousands of employers of labor have presented their employes with souvenir tickets of admission to Jackson Park, and it is believed that the total attendance of to-day will not be less than half a million. The day was opened with the booming of cannon, and at 9 o'clock eight trumpeters in heralds' uniforms, stationed on the Columbia arch, the administration building and the buildings of manufactures and liberal arts, played a fanfare of universal peace. This was followed by the singing of the Star Spangled Banner by a chorus of 3 000, the multitude that blocked the court of honor singing the refrain, each person waving a small hand flag in time with the music. The first American flag was then saluted and honors paid to the liberty bell. Headed by a band, the procession moved to the buildings of the Southern States, each of which was serenaded with appropriate music. As a prelude to a recess, the doxology was sung by the multitude, with a salute of cannon, bands and orchestra.

The exercises were resumed at 2 o'clock with a reunion of states in the court of honor. The commonwealths of the republic were represented by youths and maidens in the following order: Chicago as a guard of honor, represented by youths, one from each ward, bearing shields with coats-of-arms with the word "Welcome." Then came the original thirteen states, represented by thirteen young ladies, one from each state, in appropriate costume, preceded by a company of youthful troops in Continental uniform. Then followed all the states of the Union, each represented by as many youths as there are counties in each state. Each group was preceded by twelve school girls representing the chief cities, some bearing floral broken hoops above their heads, some olive branches and other devices. After marching around the court of honor, the participants in the pageant formed in groups and joined in singing the songs of the people In the pageant to-night there are scores of floats of all nations and states, cavalcades of young equestrians, representing Chicago and her sister cities; a military float with Generals Grant, Logan, Sheridan, President Lincoln, Stephen A. Douglas personated as central figures, and also floats contributed by representatives of every nationality making up the population of Chicago. The day concluded with an elaborate display of fireworks, for which $15,000 had been appropriated.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Prominent Business Men Dead—Dominion Ministers Returning to the Capital.

Sudden Death of a Suitor—Agitation in Favor of Commissioners.

TORONTO, Oct. 9.—(Special).—Henry Smith, for the past quarter of a century one of the most prominent business men in Bradford, died in this city yesterday, aged 82 years.

William Robertson, late of the wholesale manufacturing confectioners firm, is dead.

Sir John Thompson and his ministers concluded their tour in Ontario on Saturday, when they addressed a large assemblage of West Middlesex electors at Glencoe. After the meeting the Premier left for Montreal, where he will meet Lady Thompson on her return from Europe.

Last evening while Benjamin Proctor, aged 36, was chatting with a young lady, his intended wife, he was suddenly attacked with heart failure, and died a few minutes later with his head in his sweetheart's lap.

The movement to have the City Council done away with, and the management of municipal affairs placed in the hands of a Board of Commissioners, is attracting much attention.

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

More Activity Manifested—A General Advance Takes Place in Values.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Animated by the believe that the Senate will dispose of the Silver Repeal bill this week, operators started at an early hour to accumulate moderate lines of stock. Saturday's excellent bank statement, the steady cancellation of clearing house certificates and the reduction in sterling exchange also contributed to the good feeling which prevailed during the greater part of the day. The advance at one time was equal to ½ to 3 per cent. and in this improvement, Chicago Gas, General Electric and many of the railroads with Western Union stocks were the most conspicuous. The total sales were 146,026 shares. The closing bids were: Canadian Pacific, 75; Central Pacific, 19; Western Union, 158; Great Northern preferred, 110; Missouri Pacific, 24½; Northern Pacific, 6¼; Northern Pacific, preferred, 30¾; Oregon Navigation, 27; Oregon Improvement, 9; Pacific Mail, 15; Southern Pacific, 18; Union Pacific, 18¼; bar silver, 73¼ per ounce.

At All Seasons It keeps the Baby Well.

In autumn, winter, spring and summer, Lactated Food keeps the baby well, hearty and strong. No other form of artificial food can compare with the Lactated as a true nourisher and flesh builder. By the use of this life-giving food thousands of babies and young children have been saved from the grave. Weak and puny children slowly dying from starvation owing to impared and bad digestion have been made to relish their meals and grow fat. Young infants who have been deprived of the blessing of of nature's food, breast milk, have been reared with great success on Lactated Food, and have escaped the dangers of diarrhoea and dysentery. The regular use of Lactated Food has enabled the little ones to escape the dangers incident to the trying period of teething. Lactated Food is earth's greatest blessing to the babies; once fed on it, they will have no other food. If your infant is not strong, dear mother, just try Lactated Food for one week, and note the great change.

Cheap dinner sets at Cheapside.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

THE INDIVIDUAL who is in possession of a steel-handled, silk umbrella, which does not belong to him, will confer a favor by leaving it at the Colonist office oc6

NAVIGATION—Practical navigation taught by Capt. A. N. Seaton, at Room No 28, Empire Hotel, Johnson street; hours from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Terms moderate. oc3-1m

WANTED—Position as working housekeeper for one or two young gentlemen, or in widower's family, by one practical and experienced. Address C.B., care of Mrs. C. F. Ewer, Neepawa, Manitoba. oc8-3t

WANTED—An experienced nurse to take charge of a baby. Apply in the first instance at 42 Fort street. oc8-6t

WANTED—A girl or middle-aged woman to cook and do general housework for lady. Apply 252 Yates street. oc8-3t

WANTED—General servant. 6 South Turner street. oc7-3t

WANTED—163 female domestics at Employment Office, Soho Bazaar, 42 Fort street. oc7 3t

WANTED—From 20 to 60 acres good farm land. City property given in part payment. A.B., Colonist office. oc7-6t

WANTED—Lots of ladies and gentlemen's cast off clothing. Address S. J. Booth & son, No. 81 Johnson street. oc6-1m

WANTED—An agent for a wholesale Wine House; write giving particulars of experience, connection and references. Address Wine House, P.O. Box 1,829, Montreal. oc5 3t

WANTED—Dressmaking by the day. Apply to Mrs. Hugel, 204 Douglas street. oc5-6t

WANTED—Good general servant. Apply R. M. I., care H. Saunders, Johnson St. oc4 6t

WANTED—By a strong young man, situation as porter, or assistant in country store. Apply "C. B." this office.

WANTED—By Madame Pauline, Ladies materials to make up, at her new dressmaking parlors, 37 Fort street, above Nolte's Optician Store. se10-1m

STAMPS WANTED—Old Canadian, British Columbian and other stamps as used 25 to 40 years ago, for many I pay $1 to $5 each. George Lowe, 316 Spadina avenue, Toronto. my20-1yr

OSTRICH feathers cleaned, curled and dyed all colors. Felt hats, kid gloves, ribbons, lace, ties and all fancy articles cleaned by the new dry French process. Mrs. Windebank, removed from 85 Fort street to 79. no19 6m

TO LET OR LEASE.

ROOMS and board by the month at Mrs E. A. Howard's, 60 Rae street. Terms moderate. oc8-6t

FURNISHED cottage to rent; five rooms and bath; two minutes' walk from tramway. Apply at 268 Fort street. oc8-2t

STORES FOR RENT—Two stores in the London block, Johnson street, with large, dry cellars; excellent business stand For terms apply to J. Keith Wilson, Churchway, Victoria. oc7-6t

TO LET—Neatly furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen, if required. Apply to 159 Michigan street, James Bay. oc6-12t

TO LET—Fine rooms, single or in suites, in the Duck Building. Apply 47 Herald street. Oct5-1m

TO RENT—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at No. 6 Douglas, corner Humboldt street. One of the most central localities in the city. se24-1m

TO LET Eight-roomed house; all modern improvements; five minute's walk from postoffice. Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street. oc3 12

TO LET—Four-roomed Furnished Cottage, bathroom and pantry; close to car line. Apply A, care Mr. Daw, Cromwell House, Government street, Victoria se24-1m

TO LET—Two large, elegantly furnished rooms (one bedroom and one sitting room, suitable for two gentlemen; in a private family; seven minutes' walk from postoffice. Address U., P.O. Box 601. se8

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished, a very nice house of seven rooms, with bathroom and all conveniences; very desirable position over James Bay, on car line and close to the sea; cheap rent. Apply at once to 138 Menzies street. sp7-1m

TO RENT—New cottages, four rooms, $5 per month; also two five-rooms and bath, $10. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas St. au2-1m

TO LET—A large, well lighted room, 70x20, fronting on Government street; especially suitable for commercial men who have samples to exhibit; rent moderate. Apply Cromwell House. je22 1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Black mare (6 years old), gentle to drive and ride; top buggy (good condition), set of harness, English saddle. Apply P.O. Box 377. oc7-3t

FOR SALE—800 pounds of jam at 5 cents per pound. H. S. Colonist office. oc6 3t

FOR SALE—The lease and furniture of one of the best paying road hotels in Victoria, on a good driving road; a bargain. Apply to Page & Winnett 18 Trounce avenue. se30-1m

FOR SALE—Two very good Pianos; 1 Grand Square, 1 Cottage; cheap for cash. Apply to Prof Wm. Haynes, tuner of pianos and organs, corner Vancouver and Parkington Sts., No. 6 S.W. se27-1m

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A ranch and business in the city, for house and lot or house and few acres near city. Apply to F. Colonist office. se8-1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, 160 acres of land near Lillooet, on Fraser River; about 50 acres clear, with house and outhouse. Apply to Tai Soong & Co., 40 Cormorant street. se6 1m

FOR SALE — Six-roomed cottage; beautiful situation; convenient to Fort street tram; nice lawn, fruit trees and garden; one or two lots; cheap. J. E. Crane & Co., 30 Broad street. jy20-tf

FOR SALE—Double lot fronting on Oak Bay avenue; a bargain; all good land, well drained; price $650. J. E. Crane & Co., 30 Broad street. jy20-tf

FOR SALE—Three lots; clear, good soil, near tram line, in good neighborhood; $300 each; terms as desired. J. E. Crane & Co., 30 Broad street. jy20 tf

FOR SALE.

A House and over an Acre of Land fronting on the Victoria Arm. House contains 7 rooms and bathroom; hot and cold water; first-class Stable; terms easy. Apply PAGE & WINNET, s26 Trounce Ave.

PASTURE TO RENT.

Three miles from city, about 100 acres choice pasture lands in one enclosure. Good house in centre of property. A splendid chance for dairyman or milk rancher

Address

se17 P.O. BOX 629.

TEACHER WANTED.

Wanted, at once, for Union Mines School, a first-class teacher. Apply to A. McKNIGHT Secretary Board of Trustees, Union, B.C. jy25-tf

VICTORIA NURSERY.

P. T. Johnston & Co. offer for sale a large and varied stock of Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Bulbs, etc. As they wish to clear a portion of their Nursery quickly, parties purchasing for cash before the end of October, can obtain great bargains

Nursery, St. Charles Street, off Cadboro Bay Road. Seed Store, 52 Douglas street.

Inspection solicited, Catalogues on application. oc3-dy&wky

MISCELLANEOUS.

VICTORIA
REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS
OF
JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

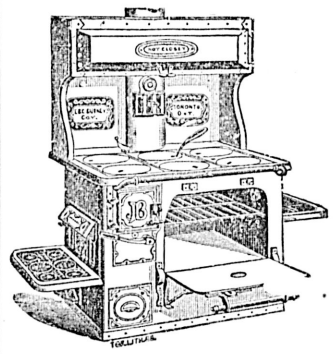
LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

"PICKLING, PICKLERS', HOUSEKEEPERS' PICKLING."
If you desire good keeping, fine flavored pickles, use Falconer's Malt Vinegar. If snow white onions, use Falconer's White Wine Vinegar. Ask your grocer for it and keep your money at home.
FALCONER'S VINEGAR AND PICKLE WORKS, Victoria, British Columbia.

BOUCHERAT & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Wines and Liquors.

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

GEO. POWELL & CO.



"CHEAPSIDE,"
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gurney's Celebrated
Stoves and Ranges
John Bull Steel Range a Specialty.
—ALSO—
Importers and Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and Hardware.
CHEAPSIDE, - 127 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

WEILER BROS'.
LATEST ARRIVALS.
Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 36 inches wide.
Japanese Drapery Crepe for Artistic Decorating.
White Satin Finish and Marcella Toilet Quilts.
Novelties in Sateen Cretones and Art Cambrics.
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps.
Latest Novelties in Reed and Rattan Furniture.
Chairs, Work Baskets, Etc., constantly arriving.
SHOWROOMS, 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

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WEEKLY COLONIST
—AND—
THE WEEKLY EXAMINER
WILL BE SENT TO ANY ONE ADDRESS FOR
$3.00.
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Send remittances to the
Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT 93½ Douglas Street. ap18

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1862. fe1

F. M. RATTENBURY, ARCHITECT, Legislative Block, Government Buildings, James Bay. fe12

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY, M. R. Smith & Co, 57 Fort street. Factory 91 Niagara street. P. O. Box 289. Telephone cal 121. fe1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral. de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING—Mrs. Marshall has removed to 91 View street, between Blanchard and Quadra, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fe1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE — Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mc17

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, Importer and Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, etc., 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. Drawer H. Telephone No. 28. fe1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes, 82 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja23-tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS —Court Cariboo, No. 743, meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month in St. George's Hall, cor. Government and Bastion sts. Visiting brethren welcome. R. Douglas, C. R., A. L. Campbell, R. S. oc15

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE
Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. P. O Box 422. mc13 tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson, the well-known manufacturer of pianoforte, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria,
Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director & Embalmer
52 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1782.
UNLIMITED LIABILITY FOR INSURING every kind of property in all parts of the world, from Loss or Damage by Fire.
More than £19,000,000 in discharge of claims for Losses by Fire, has been paid by this Company since its establishment.
Prompt cash payments and full power to settle all Losses and Claims, without referring to the Head office in London.
THOS. C. NUTTALL, Agent, Goverment Street, Over Bank of Montreal.
Established in Victoria in 1861.
jy4-1m&tf

NOTICE.
Nearly 1,000 Paragon Oil Cans now in daily use in Victoria!
1. The Paragon Oil Can contains the same quantity of oil and is of better quality and same price as the square can.
2. All orders are executed on the same day as received.
3. The Paragon Oil Company keep their can in repair free of charge.
4. The can is loaned free to the users of the Paragon Oil.
5. We deliver you a full can and collect the empties.
6. In filling your lamps you save in various ways. You have no trouble, no dirt, no inconvenience, no smell, and no waste of oil!!
7. Grocers who study the comfort of their customers always send the Paragon Oil Can!
8. Can be ordered from the following grocers: H. Saunders, Dixi Ross, Speed Brothers A. G. Robinson, Craigflower road; Erskine, Wall & Co., A. M. Proctor, Johns Bros., Fuller & Goodwin, Esquimalt; G. E. Munroe, M. P. Franck, Watson & Hall, J. T. McDonald, Oak Bay avenue; Blair & Gordon, H. P. Jacobsen, F. Carne, Jr., or at the Company's store, 141 Yates street.

MATERNITY (late Samaritan), Home, removed to larger premises at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae street. Applicants please apply at the Home or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt Gorge road fe17

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The Question of the Victoria and Saanich Terminus Referred to a Committee.

Sewer for New School in South Ward Discussed—Tramway Poles Again.

The City Council held their weekly regular meeting last evening, Mayor Beaven presiding, and Ald. McKillican, Styles, Henderson, Harris, Munn, Bragg and Belyea also present. The Mayor read the certificate of Ald. Harris' return.

A letter from B. W. Pearse contained a complaint against the position of the tramway company's posts on the Cadboro Bay road, and especially one which had almost caused a collision between his carriage and an electric car. He asked the immediate removal of these posts; and also called attenion to the fact that the company were guilty daily of infraction of the Act in running their cars at a greater speed than ten miles an hour, and also in not laying their rails flush with the road. A memorandum attached to the letter stated that President Higgins would replace the posts if the Council would dig the new holes and fill the old ones.

On motion of ALD. BELYEA the matter was referred to the Streets committee for investigation.

With respect to the report recently called for on the subject of the possibility of increasing and improving the water supply, the Chief Engineer wrote that before he could make such a report it would be necessary to have a survey made of the gathering grounds for the water.

THE MAYOR said he believed such a plan had been prepared under the direction of the former Water Commissioner, but it did not appear to be now in the possession of the city.

A discussion then took place as to whether or not this plan was the property of the city and could be demanded.

On motion of Ald. Harris, the communication was referred to the Water Commissioner for a report upon the probable cost of such a survey.

A letter from Robt. Mason complained that, according to present appearances, the Victoria & Sidney railway, which was to approach the city by way of the Saanich road, would have its terminus at the brickyards on that road, which were a mile and a half from the centre of the city, and that this would give the city a very poor return for the bonus granted.

THE MAYOR said this was very far indeed from the line the city had sanctioned.

ALD. HENDERSON explained that the change had no doubt arisen from the fact that the road was to come via Swan Lake instead of Cedar Hill.

ALD. MUNN had heard that they would come in over the tramway lines.

ALD. BELYEA said that from the brickyards there was practically only one way of getting into the city, and the Council would practically be forced to sanction that way. He had heard that the reason the company abandoned the route outlined to the Council was that the Council had interfered with their work at Elk Lake, but he thought it would be nonsense for them to make such a contention. He thought the Council ought to look into the matter at once, and he moved that the communication be referred to a select committee for report.

This was agreed to, and the Mayor named Ald. Belyea, Styles and Harris as the committee.

The report of the arbitrators re the corporation land at Elk Lake taken by the Victoria & Sidney railway was read, showing as already published, an award of $316 to be paid to the city. A letter from J. Stuart Yates stated that the bill of costs in connection with the matter is $186.

ALD. BELYEA supposed the award should be accepted, as though it was not satisfactory he did not feel that the amount at stake justified an appeal.

AND. HENDERSON did not think the Council should accept this as payment for damages likely to result through contamination of the water at Elk lake.

ALD. BRAGG moved that the award lie on the table for a week, to give time for consideration.

On motion of Ald. McKillican the award was accepted.

The protest of the ratepayers of the Oaklands district against the application of the local improvement by-law to their district, was read, received and filed, after Ald. Belyea had pointed out that the proper course for the ratepayers to take was not to hold public meetings, at which no alderman was invited to be present, and to forward resolutions to the Council, but they should rather petition in the regular way. He felt, however, that the procedure in this instance had been adopted with proper intention.

THE MAYOR reported, in the matter of the sewer for the new school in the South ward, referred to him, that in his opinion the thousand feet of sewer required could not be put down at the expense of the $85,000 voted by by-law for educational purposes. He said this was the opinion given to him by the City Barristers, and it seemed to him to be logical.

ALD. BELYEA contended that it was the duty of the trustees to make connection with the sewer, even if it was a quarter of a mile away, and if they could out of the $86,000 by-law build a connecting sewer for school, and not for public use, the Council should not put difficulty in their way.

ALD. HENDERSON and MCKILLICAN spoke to the same effect, and the latter moved that the desired permission be granted. After some discussion Ald. Harris moved that the matter be referred to the City Engineer to report on the cost, which motion was adopted.

A petition was received from a number of ratepayers in Victoria West, asking for a two-board sidewalk across the Indian reserve to connect with that on Craigflower road. This is an improvement that is much needed in the winter months.

ALD. HARRIS moved that the request be granted, but raised a nice point as to whether the City Council spend money on the Indian reserve, in view of the fact that the city did not own the reserve.

ALD. MUNN and Henderson supported the granting of the request.

ALD BELYEA had thought a good deal on this question of the reserve, and had come to the conclusion that the city did not include the reserve, that the lines ran outside the reserve, even the shore line not being in the city, so that any money spent by the Council on the reserve was spent outside the city. However, as to the sidewalk in question, if it were a matter of expediency, he should certainly recommend granting this needed improvement.

The Council adjourned at 10:30.

Hundreds of people write "It is impossible to describe the good Hood's Sarsaprilla has done me." It will be of equal help to you.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Dominion Ministers at the Prairie Capital—Interviewed on the Tariff—Drowned in Rainy River.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 9. -- (Special) — Hon. Messrs. Foster and Angers were interviewed to-day by a number of merchants on the working of the tariff. Deputations were received by the ministers from the Winnipeg Board of Trade and the Red River Navigation committee. To-night a reception was held by the Young Conservatives, and to-morrow night a public meeting will be held.

William Faucett, a brakesman on the Manitoba and Northwestern, was killed at Yorktown yesterday.

Albert Gainsby, aged 22, was drowned in Rainy river while attempting to run the rapids in a canoe.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

Steam Schooner "Worlock" Heard From and Doing Well—Capt. Balcom's Adventures.

Arrival of the "City of Carlisle"—Shipping for September—Wharf Notes.

There are still three more of the Victoria sealing fleet to return to port—the steam schooner Worlock, the W. P. Hall and the Maud S—and it is probable that the last mentioned two will winter at Yokohama. On Sunday the Walter L. Rich, Captain Balcom, reached Victoria after a very rough passage home from the Copper Island coast, where she secured the pelts of 517 seals, making her catch for the season 1,805 skins. The most noteworthy incident on the schooner's trip was the hairbreadth escape from drowning of Captain Balcom, on the way home. The skipper was standing on deck attired in heavy gum boots, rubber coat, etc., when a heavy sea struck him with such little warning as to carry him bodily into the wild sea. The vessel, although travelling rapidly at the time, was soon brought to and a boat lowered to the rescue. By the time it reached the captain he had freed himself of the cumbersome boats and coat, and had struck out to meet the rescuers. Their work was very difficult in accomplishment, as the sea was very rough. Needless to say Capt. Balcorm feels grateful to his men, but he certainly deserves notice for the presence of mind which he maintained even at the height of danger during the half hour he was struggling in the raging waters. According to a letter which S. L. Kelly received yesterday from the captain of the Worlock, that vessel will be the last to return to port. The letter was mailed from some Japanese port early in September, and stated that the schooner will be home if possible by November 5. Although her sealing cruise has not been very successful, she has made up for this deficiency by trading along the shores of Kamschatka, where she procured in addition to 280 skins, her catch, 20 otter and 60 sable skins, besides about 200 pounds of walrus ivory. The Worlock's captain complains in his letter about the vessel's machinery being very unsatisfactory, as it could not be used. This is the first news received from the Worlock since her departure from Sitka, and according to it the vessel's cruise has been a financial success. She was cruising off the Japanese coast in September.

SHIPPING FOR SEPTEMBER.

Messrs. R. P. Rithet & Co.'s freight and shipping report for October says there has been great firmness in the freight market, particularly as to rates for wheat vessels, the disengaged tonnage in San Francisco being consequently much reduced. Generally, lumber rates have not shared in the advance, although a fair number of charters were made, the vessels, however, being small, showing that the demand is conservative. In one or two instances only were rates higher than 40s paid. The last salmon charter of the season is the Harold, whose cargo may be expected to clear out all stocks available for export.

MARINE NOTES.

The American tug Discovery brought the British bark City of Carlisle into the Royal Roads from sea on Sunday. The Carlisle came in ballast from Santa Barbara, under charter of Turner Beeton & Co. to load salmon at Victoria for England.

The tug Lorne towed out the bark Routenbeck yesterday morning. The Routenbeck was detained in port exactly one week by bad weather.

Steamship Tacoma was, according to the N.P.S.S. Co.'s schedule, to have left Yokohama for Victoria yesterday.

Steamer San Mateo passed up to the Union mines for coal Sunday.

Steamer Maude arrived in from Nanaimo on Sunday with coal.

Tug Falcon left for Nanaimo for coal yesterday.

ENTERED.

Str. Premier.....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Yosemite..... " N. Westminster.
" Maude..... " Nanaimo.
" Alert..... " "
" Estelle..... " Nanaimo.
" Discovery..... " Port Angeles.
Schr. Walter L. Rich.... " N. P. O.
Bark City of Carlisle..... " San a Barbara.

CLEARED.

Str. Premier..... for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston... " Port Townsend.
" Yosemite..... " N. Westminster.
" Mystery..... " "
" Maude..... " Nanaimo.
" Estelle..... " Nanaimo.
" Phantom..... " Sooke.
" Discovery..... " Port Townsend.

A better liver regulator and health restorer than Eseljay's Liver Lozenges is hard to be found. This is the experience of a Toronto family who had tried only one box. They want more sent on at once. They are a pleasant and safe medicine. Sold at 25c. a box at druggists.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURES CONSTIPATION.

Constipation or Costiveness is an annoying and dangerous complaint caused by irregularity of the bowels, which produces disastrous results to health, causing biliousness, bad blood, dyspepsia, etc. B.B.B. acts perfectly to cure constipation and remove its effects. If you have never tried it, do so now.

IT NEVER FAILS.

"Was very bad with Costiveness, and one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me. Would not be without it."
Mrs. Wm. Finley, Jr., Bobcaygeon.

RAGS WANTED.

Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at his office.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head (more or less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., etc., (about 60 or more to calve this spring), 1 pedigree Hereford Bull (rising 3 years.

7 Mares (in foal to a good stallion), 1 Horse, Pigs, Chickens, etc.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm land is very limited, and from this it may be fairly asserted that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are in good order, and farming operations can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea level; the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

The Title is by grant from the Crown, and is free of all encumbrances. Immediate possession can be given.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate distance, and two railway lines have been run to pass close to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines this winter, is destined in the next year or two to become one of the richest and most important mineral centres in the world. Statistics show, that although the district is in its primary stage, the mines have developed ore veins rich enough to warrant the investment of over a million dollars. When these mines come to be worked systematically, there will be an

Influx of Population, which will require beef and farm produce in large quantities. The limited quantity of really good farm land in the district to supply these requirements makes this

A BONANZA!

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

VICTORIA. Telephone 435. P. O. Box 175. | VANCOUVER. Telephone 181. P. O. Box 505.

THORPE & CO.'S

SPARKLING

TABLE WATERS.

CLUB SODA WATER, SELTZER WATER, POTASS WATER, LITHIA WATER, GINGER ALE, GINGER BEER, LEMONADE, IRON PHOSPHATES, SARSAPARILLA, CREAM SODA, STRAWBERRYADE, LIME JUICE CORDIALS, CHAMPAGNE CIDER

ESSENCES, SYRUPS, BITTERS, &C.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

ST. ALICE MINERAL WATER

From the Celebrated Harrison Hot Springs. A Mild Aperient and Great Aid to Digestion. Sold by all Grocers and Druggists.

FACTORIES: VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER, B.C. ap26-6m

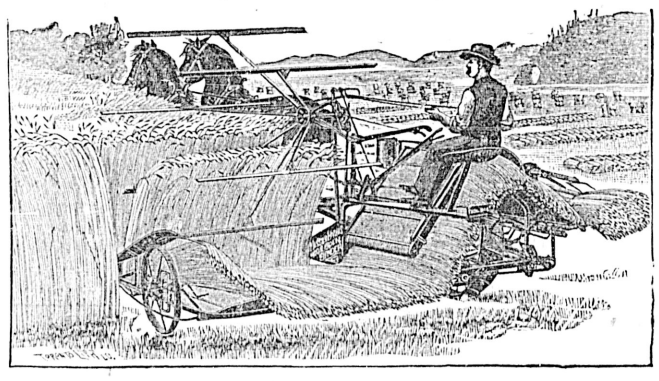
CHUNG SING'S LAUNDRY
No. 254 Simcoe Street,
JAMES BAY, VICTORIA, B.C.
au18-2m

HANG WO HING KEE,
Importers and dealers in
Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods
No. 31 Cormorant Street,
P.O. BOX 569. jy20tf VICTORIA, B C

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.
ap27

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

(LIMITED LIABILITY.)



MASSEY-HARRIS WIDE-OPEN BINDER
(THE PRIZE WINNER OF THE WORLD)
OSBORNE BINDERS AND MOWERS,
TORONTO MOWERS AND RAKES
Wagons, Buggies and General Hardware.
VICTORIA. VANCOUVER. KAMLOOPS.
mrl-ap15

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the Gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the City of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line from some point in Delta Municipality, in an easterly direction through the Municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui, to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Applicants.
se8

NOTICE.

I will not pay any debts unless contracted by myself or wife.

MR. AND MRS. A. GARLAND.
oc6-1m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that See Sang has this day purchased from Hip Yeun the business carried on by him as Vegetable Gardener, Cedar Hill Road. Hip Yuen pays all liabilities to October 10. See Sang takes possession on that date.
oc7-4t

NOTICE.

No shooting allowed in Fairfield. Trespassers will be prosecuted.

se12-3m BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

NOTICE.

All kinds of new and second-hand Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Crockery, Glassware etc., etc., bought and sold. Parties wishing to dispose of their Furniture privately, will do well to see

MRS. WHITE,
se29-1m 179 Douglas St., Victoria.

THROW AWAY CRUTCHES

MARVELLOUS

Rheumatic Liniment and Mixture

Rapid and Effective Cure.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists.

GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

If you have Rheumatism, Lame Back or any Severe Ache or Pain, The Marvelous Rheumatic Liniment will Cure it quickly.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN
DRUGGISTS
Sole Agents for B.C. 57 Yates st.
fe9

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nizi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1893.

FALL ASSIZES.

[*On Mainland.*]

Richfield.....Monday.....11th September.
Clinton.....Wednesday.27th September.
Kamloops.....Monday.....2nd October.
Lytton.....Monday.....9th October.
N. Westminster..Wednesday..8th November.
Vancouver.....Wednesday.15th November.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]

Victoria.....Monday.....27th November.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday.....5th December.
ap25

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1893.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.
W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:
THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Part of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States) $2 00
Six Months 1 25
Three Months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisements inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

ASK YOUR DEALER
—FOR THE FAMOUS—
GRANBY
RUBBER GOODS.
oc10

THE POLICY OF BOUNCE.

The new Opposition press has adopted the policy of brag and bounce. It exhibits an utter disregard of facts and represents the state of public opinion and the progress of the agitators, not as they are, but as it would like the public to believe them to be. Although the people appear to regard them, and their movement with quiet contempt, the Opposition newspapers represent them as giving the new movement their enthusiastic support. Although the agitators had the greatest difficulty in drumming up delegates to attend the Kamloops convention, they try to make their readers believe that the Mainland is seething with disaffection, and that the Island is sullen and unresponsive to the appeals of the Government. When a public meeting takes place they boast of the impression which their orators have made on the audience, and dilate upon the cold reception given to the Leader of the Government and his colleagues and supporters. If they are to be believed, the Government is most unpopular in all parts of the country, and that the Province—Island as well as Mainland — is eagerly looking to Brown, Kitchen, Cotton & Co. for relief.

But our Opposition contemporaries are weaving their little romances in vain. The facts which go to show that the agitators are losing what little credit they had gained are too many and too conspicuous to go unnoticed by the intelligent observer. The progress of the Premier in Cariboo and the New Westminster district showed very clearly that the Mainland is very far indeed from being a seething mass of discontent. Mr. Davie was well received wherever he went. The people listened to what he had to say attentively; and that he made an impression favorable to the Government and its policy is seen by the return of a supporter in Cariboo and the refusal of the electors of Chilliwack to send delegates to the Kamloop's Convention. The meeting in the latter town on Monday the 2nd. inst. also afforded evidence that is irrefutable, that the representations of the Opposition press as to the state of public opinion in the country are utterly unreliable. A large number of the inhabitants of the town and its vicinity attended the meeting. These people, whom the Opposition papers represent as bitterly hostile to the Government, gave the Premier a hearty welcome and listened attentively to what he had to say. The Inland Sentinel, which was considered favorable to the Constitutional League and its advocates, says:

"The Premier may congratulate himself on the success of the meeting called by him on Monday evening last, for although the feelings of the large gathering appeared pretty well divided, there can be no doubt that ere the meeting broke up, his explanation of the policy of the Government, and his proof that they had kept their promises, seemed to convince most of those present; and the acrid feelings with which many came to the meeting, were considerably modified, and in many cases removed."

The reason of this remarkable change is given by the Sentinel in the following sentence: "The Premier, as will be seen in the report of the meeting published elsewhere in this paper, gave a very clear and comprehensive account of the acts of the Government and their reasons for the same, and evidently proved to the larger portion of the audience that many of the charges made against the Government were without foundation, and that their policy had been fair and equable to the Province generally."

This ought to show our Opposition contemporaries that their policy of abuse and misrepresentation is futile as well as dishonest, for when the Premier, as he did at Kamloops, shows what the acts of the Government have been, and proves by facts that cannot be controverted that the Government has fulfilled those of their promises that are capable of fulfilment and are prepared to perform the others when the proper time comes, the people see how grossly they have been deceived by the Opposition newspapers and agitators, and they will, no doubt, when they have an opportunity, resent the deception. Facts are every day, too, coming to light which show that the boasts of the Opposition newspapers are as empty and their predictions as unreliable as their statements and representations are false and misleading.

THE KAMLOOPS MEETING.

We publish to-day the proceedings of the Kamloops meeting as they appear in the Inland Sentinel of the 7th inst. The speech which the Premier delivered is a remarkably clear and able defence of the Government. It had, as we see by the Sentinel, an excellent and an immediate effect on the audience. It convinced many of them that the Government had been grossly misrepresented by their opponents, that instead of favoring the Island unduly, as their enemies were continually asserting, the Mainland had received, according to population, more than its proportionate share of the public expenditure.

We feel quite sure that when the intelligent electors of the interior of the Province read that speech, they will be astonished at the audacious way in which the Government has been libelled by its unscrupulous opponents. The plain truth plainly stated is sufficient to discredit the whole pack of small politicians who have been making it their business of late to manufacture and disseminate all sorts of lies about the acts and the policy of the Government, and to traduce and vilify its members. Mr. Davie's speech will give the supporters of the Government and the lovers of fair play in the interior material with which to show both the ignorance and the untruthfulness of these self-constituted oracles, who have been imposing upon honest electors who want to hear the truth about the Government and their policy. It is evident that the Premier's visits to the Mainland have been most successful from every point of view.

THE RIGHT KIND OF UNITY.

The Governor-General replied to the address of the Mayor and City Council of Montreal in the French language. He evidently considered that courtesy required him to address the civic representatives of Montreal in the language which the majority of them best understood. He clearly has no sympathy with those who believe that the Government of Canada should use its influence to discourage the use of the French tongue in this Dominion. The attempt to do this, as the Governor-General says, would have an effect exactly the opposite of that intended. Restrictions on the use of a language which is the mother tongue of millions of British subjects in Canada would be looked upon as a species of persecution—as it certainly would be—and would be productive of estrangement and ill-feeling. What is wanted in this Dominion is the spirit of kindliness and good-will between the different races composing its population. But the policy of discouraging the use of French by legal enactments and by social usage would not only prevent the growth of such a spirit, but would kill it where it now exists. This is the report of the Governor-General's Montreal speech:

Monsieur le Maire, I observe that, according to usage, you have recited this address in two languages. I confess that such a practice on all fitting occasions appears to me to be both graceful and appropriate. Of course, as we all know, the alternative use of the French language, in certain public proceedings, is provided for by law, but I am referring, also, to the spontaneous and voluntary adoption of this method on such occasions as the present. Surely such a practice is by no means to be regarded as obsolete between the different elements of your population. On the contrary, it may be justly regarded as a symbol of union. No doubt it is absolutely desirable that for purposes of business or of social intercourse each should study to understand and to speak the language of the other with facility; and that remark, as you have properly observed, conveys a hint to myself, which I hope to profit by; but the recognition of each other's language as a matter of courtesy is, when rightly considered, a thing to cherish and be proud of, for it declares the great and noble principle that, no matter what may be our language, we all enjoy equally, by the character of our citizenship, the rights and privileges of that constitution. It records the fact that its principle and its practice are fundamental throughout the British Empire. It records the fact that, when French-Canada became part of the empire her people received a guarantee of the application of that principle, and ever since they have been firm to their loyalty and in their attachment to the British connection. It is when thus regarded, gentlemen, that I submit we must recognize that the practice is in full accord with the spirit of the Christian civilization and of humanity. It is from that point of view that I venture to commend the practice in question. And all history, all experience of human nature, declare in trumpet tones that any attempt, however honest and sincere in its aim to check or abolish a privilege of this kind, will inevitably tend to an effect opposite to that which is desired. Gentlemen, what we need more than unity of language is unity of purpose in the grand, the sacred work of building up and confirming the fortunes of this fair land; and, if this is to be done, we must be inspired by what has justly been described as a broad and unselfish patriotism—a patriotism which, while maintaining the fullest right to individual opinion and expression, will yet be prepared to subordinate personal predilections or interests, and especially the insidious promptings of partisanship, when needed, in order to forward a common cause."

There are some in Canada who disapprove of what the Governor-General said to the Corporation of Montreal. They have taken an antipathy to the French race and the French language which is to us incomprehensible. We believe that it is both the duty and the interest of English-speaking Canadians to do all that lies in their power to convince their countrymen of French extraction that they esteem them highly and are prepared to co-operate with them heartily in everything that tends to promote not only the prosperity but the happiness of the whole people.

A LOGICAL DEMOCRAT.

The New York Sun does not believe in the policy of tariff reform. Though a Democrat, it is a staunch and consistent protectionist. It holds, however, that the Cleveland administration are, in honor and honesty, bound to carry out their election pledges to the letter. They have delared that protection is "robbery" and they cannot, if they are consistent, give any countenance to the robbery they have denounced. It is not for them to reform the tariff in the direction of free trade. They must make it a free trade tariff out-and-out. If a tariff is required for revenue they are bound to frame it strictly on revenue principles. The making of a revenue tariff, the Sun contends, is a matter of arithmetic, not of consultation. It says:

"A tariff for revenue only, if conceived in uprightness and framed in honesty, will levy an equal duty upon all articles whatever, whether the like of them can be produced in the country or not. Of course, under such a tariff, wool cannot be made free. A tariff with a free list is not a revenue tariff. It is a discriminating tariff, designed for the protection of special interests and special classes."

The Sun, consistently with the position it takes, disapproves of the taking of evidence on trade matters by the Committee of Ways and Means. "The tariff hearings," it says, "before the Ways and Means Committee and to-day. They never should have begun. The American people decided last fall that protection was robbery, and ordered the Democratic party to destroy it. This fall the robbers go before a Democratic committee and beg to be allowed to keep on robbing." The Sun is undoubtedly logical. It proves by the "*reductio ad absurdum*" that a tariff for revenue is practically an impossibility, and that every revision must be, to a greater or less extent, protective. The reasoning of the Sun shows very clearly that the Liberal leaders in Canada are making promises that they cannot fulfil, and that they are preparing for themselves a most embarrassing position if they should happen to get into power, and for their followers disappointments without number.

A Toronto lady says: "I have tried a great many remedies but never found one to give me so much relief as Eseljay's Liver Lozenges. I would not be without them." They are sold at 25c. a box at druggists.

Cutlery,

Razors, knives, scissors, table cutlery and having materials at Fox's, 78 Government St.

JAPANESE drapery crepes, now so very popular in the East, at Weiler Bros.

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto
ttsa

I am hale and hearty and entirely free from Indigestion since using
ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI
Sold by Druggists and Confectioners, 5c. Packages.
feb-7-s-t-t

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM
ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.
They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.
25 CENTS A BOX.
Ask Your Druggist For Them.
jly18-1y-tu-th-su-d&w

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE
British Bark
FORMOSA,
Capt. Kain, from Liverpool.

This vessel will discharge cargo at our Inner Wharf on Wednesday, October 4th and following days.

Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and receive orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the Wharf after 5 o'clock each day and while on the Wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ld., Agents.
oc4

MANCHESTER HOUSE.

Our Stock is now complete in all its Departments. New Mantles, Millinery Dress Goods, Furs, Kid Gloves, Etc

SPECIAL VALUES IN KID GLOVES.

LA CHARTREUSE—A fine (lacing) Kid Glove for $1.25, usually sold for $1.50. ....
JOSEPHINE—A splendid fitting Glove, with patent fastenings, for $1 25 ....
ANDREE—Special line of Gloves, with patent fastenings, $1.00 per pair ....
Misses' Kid Gloves, 75c, per pair. ....

A BEAUTIFUL RANGE OF JACKETS AND MANTLES,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Dress Goods in all the latest novelties Plaids, Cords, Hopsacking, Amazon Cloths, Henriettas, Cashmeres, Serges, Shot Serges, Etc. ....

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

We have the finest selection of Millinery we have ever carried. ....
A beautiful selection of Trimmings, and at prices to suit all. ....
Latest styles in Walking Hats. The new Sailor Hat.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,
88 YATES STREET.

KASLO
BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Growth of KASLO this year has been unprecedented in the history of British Columbia.

In one year the Forest Growth has been replaced by streets lined with substantial buildings.

The population has increased in one year from 300 to 3,000, and is being added to at the rate of nearly 100 per day.

The immediate construction of the KASLO - SLOCAN RAILROAD will cause development that will increase the population this year to twice 3,000.

It is the supply point and outlet for the now famous mines of the Slocan, ore from which has been shipped via Kaslo all winter.

FOR ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING KASLO APPLY TO
ROBT. IRVING & CO.,
ap25 General Agents, Broad Street.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 19 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the 1st day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

IN CENTRAL WARD, on Mondays and Thursdays.

IN SOUTH WARD, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

IN NORTH WARD, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or for street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., June 5th, 1893. jy27

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's System, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Apply C.D.S., 62 John St., Rock Bay. ap14

PREPARE FOR WINTER

By leaving your orders for Repairs, Alterations, Office and Store Fittings, or Weather Strips, with . :

J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder, 10 Broughton Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by John Begg for a transfer of the license granted to him for the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the empire (lately known as the Cosmopolitan) Hotel, Milne Block, Johnson street, in the City of Victoria, to Alfred Penner Briggs, of the said city.

Dated this 14th day of September, 1893.
JOHN BEGG,
se20-td A. P. BRIGGS.

Public Notice.

The following streets will be closed to traffic until further notice: Oswego St., from Niagara and St. James St.; Fernwood road, from North to South road; and View St., from Cook to Vancouver St.

E. A. WILMOT,
Sept. 13th, 1893. City Engineer.
se14

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters' Block, Government Street, Victoria, B. C.
G. A. Keefer, M.I.C.E. H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E.

VETERINARY :: SURGEON.
R. HAMILTON, M.R.C.V.S.
Office, Bowman's Livery Stables, tel. 87. Residence, 100 Cadboro Road, tel. 537. ju23

EDUCATIONAL.

ANGELA COLLEGE,
VICTORIA
With New School and Class Rooms
—WILL RE-OPEN ON—
MONDAY, SEPT. 25, 1893.
For terms and particulars apply to
MISS KITTO,
se15-tf Principal.

Victoria College
BEACON HILL PARK
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE)
Autumn Term Begins Monday, Sept. 11
New Scholars Received Until Monday, September 18.
For all information apply:
PRINCIPAL CHURCH, M.A.,
Victoria College,
sp10 Beacon Hill Park.

MADAME LAIRD,
TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
For terms apply at the Studio, 161 Vancouver street corner Pandora. se30

MISS WARREN, Pupil of Mr. and Madame Bodda, (Miss Louise Pyne, London, England, is prepared to give instruction in singing and elocution; references kindly permitted to His Lordship the Bishop of Columbia; Mrs. I. W. Powell, Burdett avenue; Miss Dupont, 29 Scoresby street; and Miss Perrin, Bishop's Close. For terms apply to Miss Warren, 33 Birdcage walk, Victoria. se10-1m

VOICE PRODUCTION AND SINGING.
MR. CLEMENT ROWLANDS
Has returned to Victoria, and is prepared to give lessons in Vocal Music.
Rooms, 63 Gov't St., Upstairs.
au31 1m

MRS. EDWARD DICKINSON'S DANCING ACADEMY
Will be re-opened Saturday, October 7, at 2:15 p m; Harmony Hall, 81 View street. Private classes formed in Physical Culture, Delsarte, Dancing and Fancy Dances. Residence, 238 Moss street. P.O. Box 498 se20-1m

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
Yates Street, opposite High School.
MISS M. B. SHARP, Principal.
A full and efficient staff of teachers in every department. Sight singing classes and lectures free to pupils. Applications must be made to principal. se10

FRENCH LESSONS—A lady who has resided several years in Brussels, Belgium, and who is thoroughly conversant with the French language, is prepared to give lessons to a few private pupils; good references; for terms, etc, apply personally or by letter, to Miss Barber, No. 29 Walnut Street, Spring Ridge, Victoria, B.C. oc4-1m

NEW GOODS.
JUST RECEIVED.
FIRST OF THE SEASON.
CHOICE, WHOLE NEWFOUNDLAND CODFISH, BONED AND SKINNED.
R. H. JAMESON,
RED FRONT STORE, 33 FORT STREET se1

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR
—JUST RECEIVED FROM CHINA.
BLACKWOOD TABLES, INLAID WITH MARBLE.
IVORY CHESS MEN, NAPKIN RING, PAPER KNIVES,
SANDAL WOOD BOXES, FANS AND PAPER KNIVES,
FANCY BASKETS, ETC., ETC.
T. S. FUTCHER
Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.
me21

—THE—
Leander Tepid Swimming Bath
FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.
On or about September 30 the above bath will be open to the public. The Swimming Bath is 52 feet long by 0 feet wide, fitted with the latest natatorial devices; also shower and Electric Baths, fitted with hot and cold water. The building is well lighted and ventilated and heated with steam. The whole will be placed under the management of a competent swimming instructor.
SPECIAL TERMS TO SCHOOLS, CLUBS, ETC.
G. C. MESHER,
se22-1m Proprietor.

FREE
A splendid illuminated lecture entitled "From Erring Youth to Perfect Manhood." Tells of the errors of youth, the pitfalls for young men and of Lost Manhood. Price 25c. Sent Free for the next 20 days. Write to Prof. J. H. Hudson, 1032 Market street, San Francisco, Cal.
se24-1m-d&w

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Subdivision 10 of Lot 121 A, Victoria City.

Whereas the Certificate of Title of Ellen Carroll to the above subdivision, bearing date the 13th day of May, 1865, has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made for a Duplicate of such Certificate, notice is hereby given that such Duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, Sept. 20, 1893. se21

$10 REWARD
Will be paid for the return to District Storekeeper at Market Hall, of long Snider rifle No. 47. The rifle is Government property and the parties retaining same after this notice are liable to prosecution. oc6

LYON & HEALY,
154 to 166 State St., Chicago.
Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Bands or Drum Corps. Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, By-Laws and a Selected List of Band Music.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE CITY.

There are eighteen inches of snow on Mount Spencer, Alberni.

Five drunks formed the majority of offenders in the city Police court, yesterday.

Messrs. R. H. Parkinson and W. N. Draper have passed their preliminary examination as Provincial land surveyors.

Students of astronomy were greatly disappointed yesterday, clouded skies prevailing all day, and no glimpse of the sun in eclipse being obtained in consequence.

The members of Western Star lodge No. 7, A.O.U.W., entertained a large company of invited guests, principally members of the order, in Victoria West hall last evening. District Deputy Myers presided, and a good programme was presented.

Mr. D. McPhadden, as secretary and manager of the British Columbia Cattle Co., was charged in the Police court, yesterday, with cruelty to animals in having permitted a horse owned by the company to be driven in harness while suffering with a sore shoulder. The case was remanded until to-day.

The death is announced at Riffhams, Danbury, Essex, England, of Emily, relict of the late Col. James Buchanan Kirk, of the 91st Argyleshire Highlanders, and mother of Mr. J. A. Kirk, of Turner, Beeton & Co., Ltd. The deceased lady was 75 years of age and highly esteemed by a large circle of friends.

A brace of burglars visited Herald street between 11 and 12 o'clock Sunday night and attempted to secure an entrance to a house near the corner of Douglas street by slipping the fastening of one of the windows with the aid of a thin-bladed knife. Fortunately the family had not yet fallen asleep, and the appearance of the house-holder was the intruders' cue to depart.

Mr. H. E. Croasdaile, who is at present at the Silver King mine with Mr. Harvey an English mining engineer, has written that one of the English directors of the Hall Mining Co., Mr. W. Neilson was expected to arrive from Ayr, Scotland, on Oct. 2. Mr. Neilson, will examine the Silver King, as he is well posted on mining matters and is the owner of several iron and coal mines.

The funeral of the late Annie Hill took place on Sunday afternoon from the residence of the bereaved parents, Cloverdale, and from St. Mark's church, the interment being at Ross Bay cemetery. The casket bore many floral tokens of sorrow and of sympathy, while the church's words of comfort were given by W. H. P. Arden, who conducted the services. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Bellamy, T. Jackman, W. H. Clark, William Edmonds, F. Campbell and B. Traverner.

Harvest festival services were held at St. Paul's church, Esquimalt, on Sunday morning and evening, the tasteful decorations so much appreciated on Saturday still remaining in place, and the choir under Mr. Andrew's leadership giving an appropriate choral service. The preacher at 11 a.m., was Rev. Canon Beanlands; in the evening, the rector, Rev. S. C. Scholefield officiated, assisted by Rev. Mr. Price, chaplain of H. M.S. Garnet and Rev. Mr. Griffith of H.M. S. Champion.

No lover of music or friend of the Orphan's Home should miss the opportunity afforded this evening of enjoying a musical treat and at the same time aiding the institution named. The attraction announced is the Kinderspiel or cantata of "The Happy Family," to be presented at The Victoria by the children of St. Paul's Presbyterian Sunday school. Mr. Moir, Mr. and Miss Semple are directing the production, which was given very successfully at Victoria West not many weeks ago.

Sealers and sailors formed a large part of the congregation at the First Presbyterian church Sunday evening, the pastor, Rev. Dr. Campbell, having announced a special service of thanksgiving for the safe return of the sealing fleet, and invited all seafaring men to be present. The text was: "They that go down to the sea in ships, that do business in great waters; these see the works of the Lord and His wonders in the deep." After the sermon, Mr. J. G. Brown, leader of the choir, sang Philip Philip's "Rescued," with great feeling.

Last Sunday's services in St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, were particularly attractive and peculiarly interesting. For the morning, the Harvest Festival services were continued, the anthem "Lord of All, Power of Might," being repeated. The Lord Bishop occupied the pulpit in the evening, and briefly addressed a class of six ladies and eight gentlemen, who subsequently received the right of confirmation at his hands. The evening congregation was so numerous that many were unable to secure even standing room in the aisles or in the vestry. All admired very much the pretty decorations of the church.

In his report to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs of the United States, Professor Putnam, in charge of the ethnological exhibit at the World's Fair, denounces as false the charges made that cruel and brutal exhibitions of Indian dancing were given at the fair. He says there have been no representations of the Indian sun dance, and there has not been a single Indian belonging to the United States who has taken part in any exhibition except the Navajoes, who have been quietly sitting in a hut weaving and making silver work. Indians from British Columbia, who are entirely outside the jurisdiction of the United States, have given exhibitions, performing ceremonial songs and dances. One ceremony consists of jugglery, when Indians pretend to beat themselves with clubs and appear to become covered with blood. These clubs have little tubes made of kelp filled with red paint. This paint is forced out when the tubes are pressed against the body, and this gives an appearance of blood. Even this exhibition, which is pure jugglery, and of Hindoos and others, is in itself of considerable scientific importance and interest, as illustrating a custom which has been in existence with these people from time immemorial, was only performed once, and then by the wish of the Indians themselves, without previous knowledge, and they were directed not to give the exhibition again.

The regular monthly meeting of the Public School board is called for to-morrow evening.

A social is announced for Thursday evening by the ladies of Rev. Mr. Macleod's new congregation.

Colfax Rebekah Lodge, I.O.O.F., give a dance this evening in Odd Fellows' hall, supper being served at the Clarence hotel.

Mr. Justice Drake yesterday dismissed the appeal of M. C. Brown, convicted by the Police Magistrate of violating the Liquor License law, the appellant deciding not to proceed, and paying all costs.

The annual inspection of the headquarter companies B. C. B. G. A. takes place at Beacon Hill next Saturday afternoon, and during the week some good hard work will be put in, so that as fine a showing as possible can be made before Lt.-Col. Peters, D.A.G.

No. 1 Company B.C.B.G.A. parade to-night, when helmets, gaiters and greatcoats will be issued. This will be the last company parade before inspection on Saturday. A full muster is requested. The usual battalion drill takes place on Thursday evening.

A regular old-fashioned New England supper of brown bread, baked beans and pumpkin pie is to be given by the ladies of Calvary Baptist church, in the school room, Herald street, this evening; and who would not be attracted by such delightful old-fashioned fare, washed down with a cup of coffee "like your mother used to make!"

The gymnasium of the Young Men's Christian Association will be reopened to-night, under the direction of Mr. R. H. Roper and a corps of volunteer class leaders. Dr. S. Mackechnie will act as medical director. The gymnasium has undergone a thorough overhauling and all the apparatus has been put in order. Classes will be held for business men Tuesday afternoons from 5 to 6, and for young men Tuesday and Friday evenings from 7 to 9:30.

The Dominion steamer Quadra, which returned from Carmanah point yesterday, brings no further word of the tragedy by which E. D. Macnaughton and Ted. Daykin are supposed to have lost their lives, being prevented by the rough weather from reaching the lighthouse. Captain Walbran heard, however, of the canoe being found bottom up, which it is supposed belonged to an Indian who was drowned in going to the assistance of the two white men.

Owing to the amount of rain that has fallen in the interior of the Province this season the cattle outlook is brighter than it has been for years. Mr. A. Van Volkenburgh of Lac La Hache, reports the grass on the hillside finer than for the past 18 years and that splendid crops were produced without irrigation on land on which this has never before been possible. Cattlemen have put up large quantities of hay and range cattle are rolling fat.

Two members of the Orphans' Home committee, Charles Hayward and Jas. Hutcheson, have been investigating the case of the two little boys of Charles Newcombe, who has lately come from England and is now a patient at the Jubilee hospital. The boys were reported to be in a destitute condition in Pendray's cabins on Humboldt street, but the facts appear to have been exaggerated. They have been making a fair living selling papers, and their landlady has generously excused them the rent to help them along.

The social and entertainment given by the Y. P. L. A. in the schoolroom of the First Presbyterian church last evening was, as far as enjoyment is concerned, fully in harmony with all similar events which the society has held. It was the first of their indoor socials of the season, and was in every respect an appropriate one. The programme rendered during the evening was as follows: Musical selection, Miss Munsie; reading, Mr. Foreman; solo, Mr. Collister; recitation, Mrs. Walts; solo, Miss Gilmore; duet, Miss Grant and Mr. Collister; and reading, Mr. Landells.

Large congregations attended the special Sunday school services at the Victoria West Methodist church on Sunday, and the collections, which were in aid of the school, were quite satisfactory. Rev. George H. Morden preached in the morning from Jeremiah VII, 18: "The children gather wood," and in the evening his text was Jeremiah VI, 16: "Ask where is the good way;" while in the afternoon Rev. S. Cleaver addressed the children. The singing by the children was remarkably good, the result of careful training by Miss Penwill, who presided at the organ at all three services. In the morning Master J. W. Okell sang "There's a Light in the Window;" Misses Lottie Horner and Clara Messic, sang "Precious Jewels," in the afternoon and in the evening, "We are Little Reapers," was sung by Miss Amy McKenzie.

In the County court, yesterday, Hon. Justice Drake sitting as a County court judge, gave judgment in the case of Bossi v. the Corporation of Victoria, awarding to the plaintiff damages in the amount of $500 and all costs. Mr. Bossi sued for $1,000, estimating that his property at the foot of Johnson street had been damaged to this extent by reason of the acts or negligence of the defendant corporation. Not long ago, a frame building owned by him was ordered destroyed as dangerous; the argument now set up was that it was rendered so by the corporation having permitted the obstruction of a box drain and thereby turned upon the property of the plaintiff, not only the surface water but the accumulation of the neighboring streets. The court held that the corporation were liable for damages by reason of their negligence in not causing the new box drain to be properly continued to the harbor.

Paris Panels.

Paris Panels, the most beautiful style of photos., at $6 per dozen for this month only. Skeene Lowe, 63 Government street.

Tea kettles, with wrought iron stands and fitted with spirit lamps, a novel idea, at Weiler Bros.

THE LOST LEONORE.

Survivors of Last Wednesday's Disaster Reach Victoria, Distressed and Destitute.

The Mate Recounts the Terrible Experiences of the Night—Losses Covered by Insurance.

The nine survivors of the Chilian bark Leonore, which went ashore on Cape Johnson Wednesday night, arrived in Victoria Sunday evening, having been brought in from Neah Bay by the American tug Discovery, which was sent out from Port Angeles for them by Chilian Consul Macondray, of Port Townsend. The men were in a very destitute condition when they reached Neah Bay, their long three days' tramp having proved a hard trial on their scanty clothing as well as their constitutions, as the journey was principally through the bush, and over a trail that was none too clear. On reaching Victoria, however, the men soon had their wants attended to, one of the first to contribute to their comforts being Mr. Hartman. The latter knows what it is to be a shipwrecked sailor, as he was cast ashore some years ago on the coast of Chili, and there received the kindest attention.

The story of the wreck as told by Mate Stockfleth, is as follows: Shortly after midnight on the 4th inst., the watch aloft gave the first signal of danger, but was mistaken as to its cause, for he called out: "Ship on the weather bow." The night being dark, with a heavy wind and rain following, the object could not be plainly made out in time to save the vessel, and the result was she struck among the rocks, which from a little archipelago at the point of the cape—a spot religiously avoided by mariners.

After striking, the vessel broke up immediately, and the crew were at a loss what to do. Capt. P. V. Jenatch, taking his wife in his arms, was the first to start for shore, but the heavy breakers proved too much for him and terminated his bold struggle for life in death, his wife's body being at daylight the same morning picked up on the beach.

Soon after the vessel struck, her stern, in which several of the crew had sought refuge, drifted ashore, but before it did, two of its occupants dropped overboard and were drowned. The other members of the crew managed to swim ashore.

The majority of the crew will not remain in Victoria. They are anxious to get back to Chili, and will probably, if an opportunity offers, sign on some lumber vessel bound for South America. Several of the men have wives and families depending upon them.

There is absolutely nothing saved from the wreck; the owners have, however, the satisfaction that she was fully insured.

A general meeting of the churchmen was held in the Cathedral school last evening, the Bishop presiding, and Mr. J. Colthart acting as secretary. The object of the gathering was to discuss the advisability of organizing a social club in Victoria, and also the propriety of arranging a series of intellectual entertainments for the winter evenings. Two committees were ultimately appointed, the one to make arrangements for the contemplated entertainment, the other to look over the ground and formulate a plan for the establishment of the club. Both will report at a meeting to be held in about a fortnight.

Another sitting of the Special Assize court was held yesterday, Mr. Justice Crease presiding, for the trial of the assault case against John Francis, seaman of the bark Rathdown. The prisoner pleaded not guilty, although he admitted striking John Wilson—the seaman found guilty of manslaughter on Saturday—he pleaded that the blows were struck in self defence. The evidence showed that Wilson, who had been flourishing a knife very freely, made a vicious rush at Francis, who thereupon struck him with a piece of a spade handle. Wilson was momentarily stopped, but went again at Francis, who then struck a second blow, knocking down Wilson. His Lordship charged greatly in favor of the prisoner, showing that there had evidently been great provocation. The jury were out between three and four hours, and were twice brought into court to receive further instructions and advice, His Lordship giving them a series of questions, the answers to which would enable him to assist them to a verdict. On their second appearance the foreman incidentally mentioned that the jury stood eleven to one in favor of acquital. Shortly after 8 o'clock they returned again, announcing that they could not agree, and they were in consequence discharged. The prisoner was defended by Lindley Crease, and the prosecution was conducted by W. H. Langley and A. G. Smith, the deputy attorney-general. In consequence of the disagreement there will have to be a new trial, and for this purpose the juries have been summoned to attend again to-day.

John Bull ranges at Cheapside.

JACKETS AND CAPES

DIRECT FROM BERLIN.

118 Opened Out Saturday

THE PINK OF THE BEST GERMAN MANUFACTURER'S COLLECTION. : : :

These Goods are direct from the manufacturer. We pay cash for them, and to clear them out during this month have marked on a very small profit. : : : : : : : : No trouble to show them, and they are so stylish that they sell themselves. : : : :

D. SPENCER,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS

35 and 37 Johnson Street.

EVERYBODY

Is, or should be, interested in this column.

Do you want a stylish suit for the fall—one that will fit, wear and suit your fancy as regards price?

Do you want a good Mackintosh, one of the latest, with good long cape to button down the front? (Prices from $5 to $25. Immense assortment.)

Do you want a good dull finish Rubber Coat, any size, worth $2.50, for $1.75?

Do you want an Umbrella for your boys and girls, or one to loan when you don't expect to see it again? A few left at 25c.

Do you want a Leather Coat, best made, for about $1.50 less than regular price?

Do you want a nobby Hat, Hard or Soft Felt, all the latest shapes both English and American?

Do you want the best selected and largest stock of Overcoats to have your pick from?

Do you want some nice Underwear, the best values that money can buy, in Boys', Men's, and extra large Men's?

Do you want a pair of Cork-soled Shoes that will save a doctor's bill, or a pair of Rubbers that will save a fine pair of shoes?

Do you want to trade in a store where one price and honest dealing have built up the largest business of the kind in the Province?

If you want any of the above articles, we can save you money, and time, too.

If you can't get what you want elsewhere, give us a call.

If we have not got it, as a rule nobody else has.

Gilmore and McCandless

35 and 37 Johnson Street.

TELEPHONE 563.

AMUSEMENTS.

INTERESTING

ENTERTAINMENT,

At the VICTORIA THEATRE, on

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 10, 1893,

In aid of The B.C. Protestant Orphan's Home.

"KINDERSPIEL,"

Or "The Happy Family," by the Children of St. Paul's Presbyterian Sabbath School.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS. CHILDREN HALF PRICE.

Reserved Seats at Jamieson's without extra charge. oc4

NOTICE.

The North and South Saanich Agricultural Society's Annual Exhibition has been postponed until October 19th and 20th, in order to secure a better display of exhibits.

Horse racing on second day of show. Refreshments will be provided. A ball will be held on the evening of the 20th.

se22-1m W. R. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

W. C. T. U.

SALE OF WORK AND CONCERT

—ON—

Wednesday Afternoon and Evening, Oct. 11

In Temperance Hall, Pandora Street.

In the afternoon the admission will be free; in the evening, 25 cents. oc8-3t

FOR CASH ONLY

We, the undersigned, coal dealers, on and from the 15th inst., will sell coal at the following rates:

Best Screened Coal, $7.00 per ton
Best Screened Coal, 2.00 1-4 ton
Slack Coal, - 4.00 per ton

All orders must be accompanied with cash.

VICTORIA COAL, WOOD & LUMBER CO.
CENTRAL COAL and WOOD YARD.
WELLINGTON COAL YARD.
BRODERICK'S COAL YARD.
ROCK BAY COAL YARD.
JANION'S WHARF COAL YARD.

sp10-1m

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE,

IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have No Other.

MAFUFACTURED BY

Red Crown Roller Mills,

ALBANY, OREGON. au11

THIS energetic orator has undertaken an impossible task if he is trying to convince the people that there is some other place in Victoria where the housekeeper can get better value for her money than at "SAUNDERS'," 39 and 41 Johnson street.

Doubtless the picture tells the other story. He is emphasizing the fact that "Saunders sells the best and sells it cheapest." If that's what he's telling the people they know it already, and

"He's All Right!"

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are required for the erection of a residence, facing Head street, Lampson street and the Old Esquimalt road, Esquimalt District. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office on and after Wednesday next, October 11, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, up till 12 o'clock noon, Wednesday, 18th day of October, 1893, at which time tenders will be received. Separate tenders are required for heating and lighting.

None but responsible contractors need apply for permission to inspect the drawings, and the lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect,
39½ Government street.

October 7, 1893. oc8-4t

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "New Parliament Buildings, Victoria, Contract No. 2," will be received by the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to one o'clock p. m. of Thursday, 30th November, 1893, for the several trades required in the erection of new Parliament Buildings at James Bay, Victoria, B.C., viz.:—

1. The excavator, mason and bricklayer's work.
2. The Carpenter and joiner's work.
3. The slater's and plasterer's work.
4. The coppersmith's work.
5. The smith and ironfounder's work.
6. The plumber's work.
7. The painter's work.

Tenders will be received for any one trade or for the whole work.

The plans, details, etc., as prepared by F. M. Rattenbury, Architect, can be seen at the office of the undersigned on or after Monday, October 16th, 1893, and complete quantities clearly describing the whole of the work can be obtained on payment of $20 for each trade. This sum will be returned to the contractors on receipt of a bona fide tender.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque equal to two per cent. on the amount of each trade tendered for, which will be retained as part security for the due performance of the work. The cheque will be returned to unsuccessful competitors, but will be forfeited by any bidder who may decline to execute a contract if called upon to do so.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Land & Works,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., September 28th, 1893. se28

—TO ARRIVE—

Ex-'Formosa'

NOW DUE,

ONE THOUSAND CASES

Ale and Stout

(GUINESS'S)

Bottled by E. & J. Burke.

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y,

Victoria, British Columbia.

INGERSOLL ROCK DRILL CO.,

OF CANADA, LTD.

MONTREAL.

ROCK DRILLS

Air Compressors.

General Mining and Quarrying Machinery. A full stock of Drills and Duplicate parts always on hand.

ALBION IRON WORKS CO., LTD., Agen's for B.C.

Address 6 Chatham St. and 71 Store St.

P. O. DRAWER, 12. - - - TELEPHONE, 31

au16-1m

OUR BUSINESS

Is not affected by Auction Sales
Or cheap (?) Sales
At this Season of the Year.

We are the Only House in the City
That Makes a Specialty of

Mantles, Jackets and Capes.

We believe in everything in season, and consider "Cheap Sales" just now out of all reason, and an evidence of the unsaleableness of the stock carried. When the proper time comes, if there are any of our Jackets left, we will give you a cheap sale that will not be based on the cost price. Our present prices cannot be beaten for cheapness in the city. Inspection and comparison of prices and styles invited.

THE WESTSIDE

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

CLEAR AND CONCLUSIVE.

The Premier and the Chief Commissioner Address the Electors of Kamloops,

And Discuss in Detail the Policy and Plans of the Government.

(From the Inland Sentinel.)

Pursuant to announcement published during the day that the Premier and Chief Commissioner would address the electors at 8 p. m. at Raven's hall, an audience of fully 400 greeted Mr. Davie and Mr. Vernon upon their arrival at the hall precisely at the hour indicated.

MR. MARA, M. P., was, on motion of Mr. McIntosh, called to the chair, and in his opening remarks said:

Mr. Davie had often appeared before a Kamloops audience in a professional capacity, but this was the first time as a representative of the Government. The people of this district had given the late Mr. Robson almost a solid support, and he felt that support would be extended to the present Government if they did justice to the district and governed the country wisely and well. He had no doubt Mr. Davie would do justice to the country and fulfil his promises of bringing in a just redistribution bill, and if so, and if justice were done in other matters, the Government need have no fear of a generous support in this district.

HON. MR. DAVIE upon coming forward was met with considerable applause. He commenced by congratulating the inhabitants upon the steady growth of their town and the development of the surrounding country. As an important commercial centre the Government had fixed upon Kamloops as the point for establishing the land registry office for the Mainland, north of New Westminster district. He was proud to see that the Government were vindicated and justified in their course on all hands, for it was necessary to justify their action in this matter, not merely in one part of the country but throughout the entire country; and to those who might claim that there were other places equally or better suited for the office. He had been through the office and it was a credit to the Government, and the vault, which had been constructed was, in point of size and capacity, equal to any, whether in Victoria, Vancouver or elsewhere.

The hon. gentleman proposed, with the indulgence of the audience, to enter upon an explanation and defence of the Government's actions in the past and its outlined policy for the future. He could not expect, in the space of time at his disposal, to cover the entire ground, but he would deal with matters as fully as time would permit, leaving those subjects which there was not time to allude to for some future occasion. He would take up some of the principal topics now. Articles in Opposition newspapers in many particulars would furnish an excellent text. Taking one of the last first he produced a recent number of the Columbian, headed "Vainly Frantic Efforts," in which it was said that he, Mr. Davie, was going through the country as the head of a moribund government, making all kinds of vain and frantic promises for the future if only permitted to remain in power.

"Ladies and gentlemen," continued Mr. Davie, "I have not come here to make promises, neither have I visited other places for that purpose, nor have I made promises for the future. I have come here as I have gone elsewhere, to allude to past promises and to demonstrate either their entire fulfilment, or else their being well on toward development and fulfilment. (Cheers.) For instance, your land registry office was promised a year or more ago. To-day the work of transcribing the records is accomplished, a suitable office is erected, and on the 1st November next the Government will be in a position to proclaim the office open for the commencement of business. (Cheers.) The Shuswap and Okanagan railway was promised by the Government and it has been constracted and is now in actual operation. It could not have been constructed but by Government aid and that aid was the Government guarantee of interest at 4 per cent. upon the cost of construction ($25,000 per mile) for the period of twenty-five years. This was done by unanimous consent of all political parties. The Government took power at the last session to similarly aid the Nakusp and Slocan railway for the purpose of opening up the Kootenay mines and bringing trade this way; the Spence's Bridge and Nicola road for the purpose of opening up the vast coal mines proved to exist in this district, as well as extensive tracts of agricultural land, and a railway from Chilliwack to the coast. The Nakusp road was a matter of urgent necessity, for there is grave danger of the trade being entirely diverted into a foreign country and taken away from us. Soon after the rising of the House I went to Montreal, and this enterprise was put on such a footing that the work is now rapidly under construction, and the company are bound to have the road in running order to Slocan lake by the 31st December, the C.P.R. having likewise intimated their intention of constructing a line from Revelstoke to Nakusp, and having, in order to meet the trade this year, placed under construction some ten or fifteen miles of that road. The aid to these roads has been placed upon a basis which it is well demonstrated will not be unduly burdensome to the Province, or injurious to its credit, the Province, as a condition of signing its guarantee, requiring, firstly, the Dominion subsidy of $3,200 per mile to be paid into the treasury, and secondly, the perfecting of an agreement with the C.P.R. to lease the road for twenty-five years and pay to the Province an amount equal to 40 per cent. of the gross earnings of the road. Under the Shuswap agreement and the terms of the act authorizing aid to the Nakusp and other roads, the 40 per cent. fund after making provision for paying two years' interest in advance is payable to the promoters for their own use. But bonds guaranteeing interest simply, and that for only twenty-five years, are difficult in placing upon the money market, and could be floated only at a grave discount, particularly in the present stringency of the money market. You take the discount alone, invest it at compound interest, and at the end of the term would have well on towards sufficient to pay the principal. With payment to be made in bonds of this kind the road cannot be constructed as cheaply as it could be done for spot cash. Consequently it is a matter for grave consideration whether it is not infinitely more to the advantage of the Province to guarantee both principal and interest than interest simply. Thus the discount will be saved and the road constructed for actual cash cost. So in arranging for financing the Nakusp road, the Government, whilst giving the guarantee as authorized by the act, have provided that the bonds shall remain in escrow until the act can be amended by the Legislature. Meantime the road is being constructed at an actual cash cost, and more cheaply than was the S. & O. railway. Moreover, if the Legislature determines upon the plan which the Government has reserved the right for it to adopt, the stipulation has also been reserved by the Government, under which the 40 per cent. gross earnings, after satisfying current interest, is to form a sinking fund for redemption of the principal. (Applause.) The Government propose to deal similarly with the Spence's Bridge and Nicola and Chilliwack roads, but no guarantees have so far been given in these cases; firstly, because these roads have not signified their ability to put up with the Government the amount of the Dominion subsidy (the Nakusp road has deposited with the Government $118,000); and secondly, the building of these roads is not immediately urgent, as is the case with the Nakusp road. The assistance to the Nakusp road, securing immediate construction, has been given at a time when it was particularly useful. Owing to the silver question, capital, which it was anticipated would flow into Kootenay this year from the United States, has not been forthcoming; hence development has not taken place, and numbers of idle men have been found. Thus the labor market has been plentiful and work has been given to those who wanted it."

MR DAVIE then referred to the act of last session for the purpose of establishing a home for aged, indigent and infirm persons. This was a measure of simple justice to many of those who, in early years, had expended their means, health and energies in developing the resources of the country and were now destitute. The country owed these men a home. The Government had given much consideration to the place for building this institution, and Kamloops had been finally selected. (Loud applause.) The Chief Commissioner was now negotiating for a site, and when this was secured the building would be at once commenced and pushed to completion. In all the matters alluded to it would be observed that the Government were simply carrying out undertakings and legislation already given and passed, and not simply making promises for the future, as their opponents were untruthfully alleging. So it was with the redistribution question, to which he should allude presently, and in respect to which the Government, in what it proposed to do, would only be carrying out its agreement, made as far back as 1890. As before remarked, the Government in all its enterprises were not unduly burdening the country, nor imperiling its credit. It is quite evident that the financial world takes the same view, and has every confidence in the way in which the Government is managing the finances of the country. Investors in Government securities watch closely the financial methods of a Government, and if those methods are reckless or ill-advised, public confidence is withdrawn and the stock of that Government falls in price. But with British Columbia how was it? When the last loan was floated the Province was in the proud position of finding its securities, its British Columbia 3 per cents., ranking third amongst the colonial securities of the world, that of the Dominion of Canada being first, the colony of Ceylon second, and British Columbia third. (Applause.) Contrast this with the condition of the Province not many years ago, when a loan was with difficulty floated at 6 per cent.; or a little further back and considerably less than twenty years ago, when, to borrow $30,000 at 8 per cent. the Government had to pay a broker a commission of $600, or 5 per cent. (Cheers.) But favorable as was the condition of the Province, when its 3 per cents., selling at 83, were ranked third among colonial securities, how how much prouder her position to-day—and it was only by the newspapers which had come to hand to-day that he had observed it recorded that British Columbia securities had actually gone to the top of the list, being quoted at 93 with Canada's at 92. (Loud cheers). And in this prosperous state, which has well-nigh silenced the old time opponents of the Government, another Daniel has come to light, and this is a party originally calling itself the Independents, and they have for some real or fancied (it matters not which) malfeasance on the part of the Government, unfolded the new and highly patriotic plan of rending the Province in two, and by so doing to utterly destroy the lofty financial position to which the energies of the Government have brought the country. And this patriotic endeavor finds its outcome in a petition industriously circulated by political opponents, the last paragraph of which reads as follows: "That therefore the people of the said Mainland portion of British Columbia object most strongly to the squandering of the Provincial resources in non-productive undertakings by the vote of a non-representative House, and are now advocating the separation of the Mainland from the Island as the surest relief from the evils under which they at present suffer." Mr. Kitchen had disclaimed this petition at the 150 Mile House, but had immediately afterwards admitted that he had headed one at Chilliwack and carried it around for signature."

MR. KITCHEN—"I did not disclaim it."

MR DAVIE—Then so much the worse for you. Neither can any one of your party disclaim this traitorous document, although the telegram from Mr. Borland, who undertook to deny the accuracy of the report of the meeting at the 150 Mile House, said that you did disclaim it. The telegram was so published in the Times and in the News-Advertiser as well."

MR. KITCHEN—"The Times and the Columbian miscopied the telegram by leaving out the word 'not'. The original telegram, which I saw, read 'Kitchen did not disclaim.' The News-Advertiser had it copied correctly. I saw the paper.

MR. DAVIE—'I have the News-Advertiser here, with the copy of the telegram, and it says you did disclaim. (Loud cheers). However, it's immaterial, for you admit having circulated and adopted this petition, and all your party are in the same boat, and 'tis useless trying to escape responsibility now. It is claimed on behalf of our opponents that they obtained 7,000 signatures to this petition—and a convention has been called for Kamloops on the 10th instant, in keeping with the petition, to which delegates only from the Mainland, and none from the Island have been invited. They are now trying to make out, in face of their petition and in face of their having called a convention of Mainland delegates only, that they never intended the very thing which they advocated, and in the News-Advertiser of the 24th September, containing the account of the Vancouver meeting to elect delegates, the report is headed 'Not Separation, but Thorough Organization, etc.' They had discovered that their separation petition, (signed doubtless by most of those who had appended their names to it without observing the separation clause) and their sectional efforts were condemned by every right thinking person in the country, so they tried to retrace their steps, and in doing this they had not the honesty to admit that they had made a woeful blunder, but they try to cover it up by asserting the ridiculous falsehood, as a reason for not inviting delegates from Vancouver Island to attend the convention, that it would be too expensive for delegates to attend from Vancouver Island. (Laughter.) In a leading article in the News-Advertiser of Sept. 22 that position is seriously taken. Here is what they say: "In the second place the circumstances which in April last led to the determination to call such a convention made it almost a necessity that it be confined to the Mainland, not from any sectional feeling, as Mr. Davie, in Cariboo, and the COLONIST, in Victoria, are making desperate efforts to prove, but because it must be held at some point which would be convenient and comparatively inexpensive for the attendance of delegates. Hence Kamloops was selected as a half-way house. Were Island delegates to be present, some coast point must have been chosen, and then great expense would have been entailed on the members from the interior." (Loud laughter.)

"I would like to ask," continued Mr. Davie, "how much more it would cost to bring delegates from Victoria or Nanaimo to Kamloops than from Vancouver, or rather how much more it is going to cost for delegates to come from Barkerville to Kamloops than from Victoria? The stage fare alone from Barkerville to Ashcroft is $42 50, whereas from Victoria to Kamloops the fare is not more than $15. The time consumed in coming from Cariboo would be four times as great as in coming from Nanaimo or Victoria, and the expense of travel at least four times as much. Yet delegates are invited from Cariboo, but not from Vancouver Island, and we are told that the reason for not inviting them from the Island is to save expense. What are you to think of the other utterances of a journal and a party caught in such ridiculous prevarications? I ask you to judge of the other things they allege as facts by the exhibition they have made of themselves in this case, for it is safe to assert that nearly everything they allege as a fact against the Government is equally unworthy of credit.

MR DAVIE went on to say that the people of Vancouver and New Westminster city and district fully understood the leaders of this party, and refused to take part with them. It was true that at first much public dissatisfaction had been expressed at certain matters of policy and legislation to which he would allude presently, but as the reasons of the Government came to be sifted and the matters discussed, the good sense of the community recognized that they had acted honestly, and in good faith. Meetings were called at New Westminster and Vancouver, for the same day, to elect delegates to the convention. They were extensively advertised, and the day before the meeting the News-Advertiser, referring to uncalled-for attacks which he (Mr. Davie) had made upon his opponents in Cariboo, (but which he had not made) prophesied that the mass meeting at the Market hall the next evening would be largely attended as a result. Mark what had occurred. At the first meeting barely twenty-five persons attended and they had to adjourn for a week for want of sufficient numbers. At the next meeting, instead of a mass meeting of hundreds, or thousands, such as would readily assemble at Vancouver if the people were in sympathy with the object of the meeting, considerably less than 150 attended. The leaders went to work quarrelling amongst themselves and the affair was a flat failure. They elected their delegates, worthy enough gentlemen, no doubt, and afterwards one or two of them refused to act. At Westminster they fared no better. He produced the account of the meeting as published in the Columbian on the 25th September, by which it appeared that the very first remark of Mr. Brown was an expression of regret at the slimness of the attendance. The report of the meeting said that "the attendance, although small, was thoroughly representative." Looking over the names of those in attendance, outside of Mr. Brown himself, he failed to observe the name of one representative man. Estimable men and good citizens they all doubtless were, although there were only two of them he was acquainted with, but altogether non-representative men. The Mayor was absent and not an alderman or a public man was present. Mr. Davie, after referring to the generous reception accorded him at Chilliwack, Surrey, and through New Westminster District, and to the willingness and determination of the people to accord fair play, judge matters according to their merits, and not be led away by agitators, proceeded to defend the Government on the Parliament and Public Buildings Act. The proposed expenditure to which exception was taken, was $525,000, for $75,000 had, without objection, been voted for a fire proof land registry office the year before, and formed part of the total estimate of $600,000. The existing buildings, erected in early colonial days, with a framework and foundation of wood, covered with brick, had exceeded their life and were insufficient for the public requirements, and new buildings of some kind were a necessity. Victoria was the capital and gateway of the province, the first port of call for the increasing lines of steamers from the Orient and the Australias. Tumble-down shacks, or mean buildings there would afford an index for the rest of the province. As public buildings had to be erected, the Government had decided that what was worth doing at all was worth doing well, and to erect buildings which would be a credit to the province. The amount was well within the capacity of the province. In raising the amount of $600,000, which would be borrowed for a term of 50 years, a sinking fund of one per cent. per annum would be set aside. This amount, together with the interest, amounted to the yearly sum of $25,384, payable in fifty years, at the end of which time the debt will be extinguished. This amount distributed throughout the province would not appreciably increase taxation, nor be felt in any way; the appropriations for public works would be unaffected. He had been told by some one who had met him that day that the Government were spending all the public money on Vancouver Island. He would quote a few figures. During fourteen years last past the amount expended upon public institutions, education, roads, streets, bridges and wharves upon Vancouver Island had been $1,659,426; upon the Mainland it had been $2,877,772, or well on towards double. The relative white populations, as shown by the amended census returns which the Government had secured, showed: Mainland, 37,293; Island, 27,997, a difference of a little over 3,000. It was only of recent years that the Mainland population has exceeded Vancouver Island; at one time the excess was the other way. Still, every government had conceded the right of the Mainland to far larger expenditure than the Island, irrespective of population, and properly so, on account of its much greater area. The Government had never proceeded upon the principle of dividing the expenditure according to the population; had it done so great injustice would have been done the Mainland. Take the estimates of the last year, for instance; the grant for roads, streets and bridges upon the Mainland was $159,500; upon Vancouver Island it was $56,000. For buildings and schools the Mainland grant was $81,300, and upon Vancouver Island was $16,900. For surveys the Mainland estimate was $48,000, and the Island $2,000. Upon education the Mainland $110,920, upon Vancouver Island $73,220. Upon hospitals and asylums, the Mainland $41,550, and the Island $16,300, showing totals: Mainland, $432,270; Island, $164,420. Total, $596,690. A per capita division of this sum according to the white population of the amended census, 65,290, would give $9.14 per head, or upon the basis of 37,293 to the Mainland and 27,997 to the Island, $340,853 to the Mainland, and $255,832 to the Island, instead of the existing division of $432,270 and $164,420. The separation petition alleges that the Mainland contributes two-thirds of the revenue and the Island one-third. Assuming this to be the fact, it would be observed that the Government had not alloted Vancouver Island one-third of the expenditures, nor anything like it. The Government had dealt, and would deal with the Province as a whole, according to the best interests of the whole country. The figures he had quoted were a conclusive answer to those who alleged partiality toward Vancouver Island. For the Shuswap & Okanagan railway, and the Nakusp & Slocan, the traffic bridge across the Fraser, and other enterprises upon the Mainland, the Government had engaged the public revenues and credits to the extent of millions, in comparison with which the expenditure upon the Parliament and Government buildings was insignificant.

MR. DAVIE then took up the Redistribution Bill, and said that the Government had engaged as far back as 1890 to bring in a measure, distributing the representation, as between the Mainland and the Island, as soon as the census returns came in, principally according to the respective populations. The census returns were in, when the House met, and hence the Government had no hesitation in promising the measure in the Governor's speech. When the measure came to be prepared during the session it was of course necessary to ascertain, as exactly as possible, the white population, but the census returns as published did not give them—did not distinguish Indians from whites. Recourse was then had to the census department, which, in response to the Government inquiry, stated that the whites on the Island were 31,025, and on the Mainland 31,946. The Government were satisfied there was a mistake, and could judge pretty well how the mistake had arisen, viz., that, for the purpose of separating Indians from whites, they had taken the census of the Indian department, whereas the number of Indians actually enumerated by the Census Commissioners was less than the Indian census. That was however, not, the opinion of the Department of Agriculture at the time, and (said Mr. Davie) when I was in Ottawa, last June, Mr. Lowe assured me that examination of the schedules (which was then in progress) would, he thought, not disclose any material difference in the Indian population, as the census enumerators, for regions which they had not visited, had adopted the same information as had the Indian department in compiling the Indian census, viz, the returns of the Hudson Bay agencies. The same information was volunteered the newspaper reporters last April by Mr. Johnson, the statistician, when, or shortly after the matter was before the House, and he informed the World reporter, as published by the World at the time, that the Indians in the unvisited places were included in the total population, certified, as the result of the 1891 census, of 98,173. However, to return to the action of the Government last session, they could not in framing a Redistribution bill proceed upon surmise. They would have been condemned throughout the country if they had done so, hence it was determined to leave the matter over until next year, and in the meantime to have the census schedules examined and the whites and Indians separated. After the House had risen a further telegram was received from Mr. Lowe stating the white population of the Island to be 'absolutely', 2,214 above the Mainland. It seems that the word 'absolutely' was an error, in transmitting the telegram, the word used by Mr. Lowe being 'abstractly,' but whether 'abstractly' or 'absolutely' did not signify, the information was the same, viz, that the population of the Island was 2,000 and upwards above that of the Mainland. Since then the Government had had the returns scrutinized in the Department of Agriculture, with the result that whereas the Indian population of the Province, as shown by the Indian Department census for 1891 was 35,000, the census enumerators by omitting to take into account the Yukon and Northern portion of the Province, had enumerated 23,000 only, and the total, 98,173 had been arrived at by omitting 12,000 Indians. When for the purpose of the return asked for by the Province last March they had separated Indians from whites, instead of deducting only 23,000, the number of Indians actually enumerated, they had deducted 35,000, or 12,000 too many, which meant the too wrongful deduction of 12,000 whites. This at once displaced the proportions as between Mainland and Island, giving the Mainland 37,000 and the Island about 9,000 less. The Redistribution bill could and would now be proceeded with. The gain to the Province is the adding of 12,000 to the population. Instead of 98,173 it is now some 110,000, and the Province is entitled to 80 cents per head per annum, on the 12,000 omitted Indians, or an increase to the subsidy of something like $10,000. The right was clear and the Province had insisted on it, yet the patriotic Opposition had come out in the denial of the Province's right in this regard. In the News Advertiser of September 1 was an article "Gabble, Simply Gabble." denying our right to receive this money, and claiming that the census was concluded by the total of 98,173, however erroneous it might be. A worthy Opposition truly, to take up arms against our rights, merely for the purpose of depriving the Government, of the day, of the credit of having discovered and maintained the rights of the Province to this sum. The leader of their party is Mr. Cotton, and he is also the editor of the "News Advertiser" which publishes this treachery towards the Province. The other opposition papers have taken the same ground against the Province's rights. It does not require argument to demonstrate that when the terms of Union provide for our receiving 80 cents per head upon the population, as shown by the census, that means a fairly accurate and complete census, not a census leaving out of account vast areas of the Province; they might as well contend that the Dominion could take the census of Vancouver simply, and that the Province must rest content. The Opposition leaders, Messrs. Cotton and Brown, whilst complaining of places with small voting power, such as Alberni and the Islands having members in the House, had, in their places in the House, stated that they considered them entitled to retain their membership. In conclusion, Mr. Davie gave the assurance that the promise which at first had been given would not be departed from, and that in redistributing the seats the balance of power theory would be cast aside altogether, and a fair measure of redistribution introduced. (Loud cheers.) After thanking the audience for the attentive hearing which had been accorded him, Mr. Davie resumed his seat amidst much applause.

MR. SEMLIN said he had often appeared before a Kamloops audience, and had always had confidence extended to him. He had not always been able to act in accord with the Government, but had done so when for the benefit of the Province. The Premier claimed credit for assisting railways on the Mainland, but the Opposition had voted with the Government in all cases of public works beneficial to the public. Mr. Davie said they had obtained a million dollar loan at what he claimed to be very good rates, but when it was analyzed it was found that the $1,000,000 realized only $800,000 when it reached British Columbia. This might be a wonderful achievement, but if it went on what would be the result. There was only one way of repayment—by taxation, and with a white population of only 70,000 it would be hard work. Not much benefit would be derived from immigrants for the first few years, they would have to be a few years in the country before they were in a position to pay much taxes. Mr. Davie had mentioned a revenue of $1,500,000, but he claimed that only $200,000 of that sum goes towards the development of the country. We have a territory of great extent, largely unpopulated, and requiring the expenditure of much money to develop. Every part of the country requires roads. The population was small and there was not much chance, as far as he could see, of the revenue increasing much for some time. While the country was in its present state—while settlers were compelled to carry their produce on their backs—did the Government think they were acting in the interests of the country when they voted $600,000 in buildings in Victoria? Mr. Davie would make them believe that the present buildings at Victoria were no further use. He could not see this. The buildings appeared to him much the same as they did twenty years ago. He pointed out the absurdity of expending $600,000 for buildings for the accommodation of a population of 70,000 people. He gave Mr. Martin, M.P.P., credit for his vote in this matter. If Mr. Martin was right the Government was wrong, and if the Government was right Mr. Martin must be wrong. He believed Mr. Martin was right in this case, and no doubt he would claim honor for his vote on this occasion. Mr. Davie claimed that the buildings would be a great advertisement for Victoria. He saw there was much discontent because the steamships did not stop there, but he did not see how the erection of the buildings would have any effect in making the vessels stop at Victoria, and, if it did, he could not see why the Province should be taxed for it. The Government had to bring down some measure of redistribution, but before doing so would have the buildings so far under way that any future government would have to carry the work out. The redistribution bill could wait; why could not the buildings wait. The Government knew that if the people had a voice in the matter the buildings would not be erected at Victoria, Vancouver, Kamloops, or any other part of the Province. His friend had said that those who differed from the Government in this matter were traitorous to the country. He understood that the petition had been signed by 7,000 people. The malign action of the Government was the cause of the act. They thought they were taking the only means in their power to stay the work of the Government. If this was treason, the Government were responsible for having driven them to the act. He could vouch for Mr. Cotton, that there was not a more loyal man in the Dominion. Mr. Davie had spoken of a period when the the population of the Island exceeded that of the Mainland. He had lived thirty years in British Columbia, but could not recollect that time. Up to the time of the building of the C.P.R. the population was small both on the Island and on the Mainland. Mr. Davie had brought up this to show that the Island was entitled to more expenditure than she had had in the past. He contended that the Province should be treated as a whole, but so far as he could see this large sum of money was being spent on the Island, not because it was necessary, but because there had not been enough spent there in the past.

Continued on Page Seven.

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TIME TABLE NO. 21

Takes effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route:

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Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 15.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

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Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, May 28th, 1893.

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" Comox for Valdez Island, every alternate Thursday, 7 a.m. (returning same day.)
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

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CLEAR AND CONCLUSIVE.

Continued from Page Six.

As to the redistribution the Premier had taken them all into his confidence, and told them that the Government was going to bring in a redistribution bill, but he was very careful not to tell them anything of the construction of that bill. If the Government was called upon to pay all its promises, there would be nothing left for public works. He had it on good authority that the Province had already paid $42,000 for the Shuswap & Okanagan railway guarantee. Should we not look with great care to our expenditure. His friend had endeavored to show that the expenditure would not be $600,000—that $75,000 had been voted the previous year, and had not been expended, and had gone back to the treasury. The money had been expended, however. The Government did not wish to redistribute, but now they had got their scheme so far under way that they could not well be stayed, they say they will now go on with redistribution. He claimed that the delay in redistribution was a great damage to the electors. Mr. Semlin touched on the Crofter scheme, and showed that it was one of the things that British Columbia was not prepared for. He differed with the Government on the Crofter scheme, the building scheme and other schemes. He urged that if they did not agree with the acts of the Government, they should vote them out of power; if they had acted according to the wishes of the people, support them. Mr. Semlin concluded at 11:45.

HON. MR VERNON said the Premier had explained fully the views of the Government upon some of the most important matters and he (Mr. Vernon) did not intend at this late hour, to speak at any length. He then proceeded to refute some of the statements made by Mr. Semlin, more particularly those referring to the three per cent. loan, showing how the Government had obtained a stock exchange quotation. When the Finance Minister floated the last loan the three per cents. were sold for 83, whereas, they had now advanced to 93, showing that any money the Province might borrow in the future would be obtained at about 3¼ instead of 3½ per cent.. The Government borrowed money for the purpose of spending it in useful works and succeeding Governments would have to borrow in this country the same as in every other country. During the present year a number of city and rural municipalities had been formed, reducing largely their contributions to the Provincial Exchequer; but in spite of this the revenue was in a very healthy condition. Mr. Vernon referred to the statement made by the former speaker regarding the Shuswap and Okanagan railway, and showed it unlikely that the province would ever be called upon to contribute largely on account of this work, which had been productive of so much good, and which was now largely instrumental in opening up the Similkameen, the Fairview and other mines. He deprecated such incorrect statements being circulated as those mentioned by Mr. Semlin, calculated, as they were, to create erroneous impressions, and do the country much harm. The Crofter scheme referred to had died a natural death. The company had been unable to float their scheme in London, so we shall hear no more about it. Mr. Vernon showed how the Mainland and Island had been equitably dealt with, with respect to the revenue contributed and the money expended. Referring to local matters, he said Kamloops had received fair play; he instanced the Court house, Provincial jail, new schoolhouse, hospital, Registry office, and now the Old Man's home was to be established here. There was only one matter which had been pressed on the Government and which had not been done, and that was a bridge over the Thompson, opposite Kamloops. Mr. Fortune (hear, hear) This would have to be a structure with long spans and iron piles to withstand the drift ice and enable rafts or loads to get through. The Government had not felt justified in incurring this expense just now when only comparatively a few people would use it. It was quite possible, however, that the executive might establish a free ferry, which he thought would answer every purpose for a year or so. (Applause.)

MR. KITCHEN, at the invitation of the chairman, took the platform. He said as the hour was late he would not keep the audience long. The Constitutional League was got up, as the petitioners thought they had no other means, to ask the Governor-General to veto the bill for the erection of the buildings at Victoria. Mr. Cotton had never agreed with the petition. There had been a deficit of $200,000 a year since 1887. He would ask how long this Province with its large area and small population could stand that. His voice had not been raised against the borrowing of the $1,000,000, because he had been told the money was to be spent in improvements; but as a fact they had got only $800,000 for the $1,000,000 The transaction was like that of the farmer who borrowed money on his farm, and instead of spending it in improvements and stock, had put up a fine house. Let the people decide whether the Capital Buildings should be placed in an extreme part of the Island, where a hostile gunboat could blow them to pieces at any time (derisive cheers and No! No!) or in the centre of the Province. The Old Man's Home had been made capital of by the Government; but at first it had been understood it would be located at Victoria, and no hurry had been used concerning it. But no sooner were the members' backs turned than the Public Buildings were commenced. (Shouts and cheers.) When the Premier tells you that the feeling concerning the matter is dead, he did not think that he (the Premier) believes it. As to our credit, if the financiers of the Old World knew how we were going, they would soon stop our credit. As to the numerous cases of incorporation quoted, and the falling off of the revenue to the Government in consequence, he claimed that the unfair treatment the rural districts had received from the Government was the cause of this. The people found they had been paying heavy taxes to the Government and getting very little for it, and they therefore formed themselves into municipalities that they might have the spending of their own money. As a proof of how the constituencies were divided, in 1890 three representatives were given the Mainland representing 3,000, and three were given the Island, representing 300. (Applause.) The speaker concluded his speech at 12:50.

MR. MARTIN was called upon, but declined to speak because of the lateness of the hour.

The Chairman said that Mr. Davie wished to be permitted to reply to certain statements made.

HON. MR. DAVIE said that although the hour was late he would claim the indulgence of the audience for a few moments in reply. He had not stated that the revenue was $1,500,000, and as for the statement of Mr. Semlin that $200,000 only went towards the development of the country, the facts were that the vote last year gave $185,855 for education other than school buildings; $129,500 for buildings, including schools; $50,000 for surveys, $215 000 for roads streets and bridges, and $88,498 for miscellaneous. The estimated revenue was $1,060,000. As regards the million dollar loan, as it is called, netting only $800,000, the obligation was not $1,000,000 but $970,000 only. The stock was sold, as well as he remembered, at 83, or at a discount of 17 per cent., amounting to $160,000 or thereabouts. This accounts for the net sum realized being $800,000, or in that neighborhood. The loan was floated at three per cent. interest, and of course, the same as the loans of other countries carrying so low a rate of interest, had to be placed on the market at a discount. Taking into account this discount the actual cost to the Province was equivalent to paying about 3½ per cent. interest on the whole loan: in other words, selling three per cents. at 83 or at a discount of 17 per cent. was about equivalent to selling three and one-half per cents. at par. Any-one, therefore, could see that there was no point whatever in showing that the $970,000, called in round numbers the $1,000,000 loan, netted the Province only $800,000. As already explained, British Columbia threes had advanced to 92 or 93. Hence any future borrowing, as explained by Mr. Vernon, will be cheaper still—3¼ or in that neighborhood, so the large discount of 17 per cent. had served the purpose of placing British Columbia stock on the market, and in future transactions the Province will have the benefit of it. (Applause.) As to Mr. Kitchen's point that the parliament buildings were wrongly placed, because they might be blown to smithereens by a hostile gunboat, all he had to say was that the rest of the Province would be in a pitiable plight, if ever an invading force passed Esquimalt. (Cheers.) He had not claimed that the buildings would be an advertisement for Victoria. What he had said was, that situate right at the gateway of the Province, they would afford a fair indication of its prosperity and stability. (Cheers) It had not been at any time decided to erect the Old Man's Home at Victoria. Until brought up in the executive a short time ago, when Kamloops was fixed on, the question of location had hardly been discussed. As for the assertion that the Province had every year since 1887, exceeded its revenue, there was no point in that, because the money which had been borrowed had been raised for the express purpose of being used in excess of revenue, so as to prosecute works of development, and it will be necessary, and the Government can well afford to pursue the same policy in future for some time, with the credit of the country in the favorable condition to which the Government has raised it. The Government cannot, of course, open up every road and needed development at once, but they would lose no time—and the expenditure on the Parliament buildings would not stand in the way. (Cheers.) In the first years of confederation, the initial act of the Government was to expend $6,000,000 in Parliament and Capital buildings at the seat of Government, at Ottawa, and has anyone claimed that the money was not wisely expended? And that expenditure had to be met with money borrowed upon far less favorable terms, than we are now borrowing. (Applause). As to the Crofter scheme, the principal reason why that had failed was because this Government had insisted on the right to select the Crofter emigrants and not to have unloaded upon the country, the refuse only, of the Crofter population. So far from the Government having neglected New Westminster district in the matter of appropriations, during the four years from June, 1888, to June, 1892, there had been expended in hospitals, and public institutions, education, roads, streets, bridges and wharves, works and buildings and surveys in New Westminster district $331,145, and in New Westminster City, $288,476.

MR. KITCHEN—There have been no hospital appropriations in New Westminster district.

HON. MR. DAVIE—You are right. The sum of $331,145 was without hospitals. The hospital grant was all in the city expenditure. (Cheers.) Did time permit he would answer other points attempted to be made by the Opposition speakers; but if he had not dealt with them all, he hoped no one would conclude that there was a single point made by the Opposition to which there was not a complete reply.

The Premier resumed his seat amid prolonged cheering, upon the abatement of which Mr. McIntosh moved, seconded by Mr. Ross, a vote of thanks to the Premier and Chief Commissioner. The motion being put by the chairman was carried unanimously. After this votes of thanks were accorded to the Opposition speakers and to the chairman, and the meeting adjourned at 1.15 a.m.

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(DEUTZ & GELDERMANN'S)

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And the finest batch of Champagne ever shipped to Canada. Same quality and cuvée as supplied to the markets of England, Germany and Russia.

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NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restores the weakness of body or mind caused by over-work, or the errors or excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. Sold by druggists at $1 per package, or six for $5, or sent by mail on receipt of price by addressing THE JAMES MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. Write for pamphlet. Sold in—

VICTORIA BY D. E. CAMPBELL,
au27 Druggist.

LARDEAU

NORTHEAST ARM UPPER ARROW LAKE.

The Townsite Company have entered into a contract to build a wharf to deep water at lowest stage, at the foot of Victoria avenue. This will cost about $4000.

The C.P.R. Telegraph Company are building their through line from Revelstoke to Nelson, Nakusp and Kaslo via LARDEAU CITY, where the office for the Lardeau and Fish Creek Districts will be situated. It is expected that this line will be opened in a few weeks.

A Mining Recorder is stationed at LARDEAU—a convenience for the prospectors of this region. Many rich strikes have recently been made on Fish Creek, a few miles from LARDEAU. A steamer calls three times a week at LARDEAU.

The charter for the Lardeau & Kootenay Railroad has its commencement at LARDEAU CITY. This line will undoubtedly be built in the near future, as it is the only route to the famous Lardeau Mines on Trout Lake and the shortest and easiest pass to Kootenay Lake.

Prospectors and capitalists visiting the Lardeau Country will find the best Hotel Accommodation in West Kootenay at LARDEAU CITY. It is the entrance point to the Lardeau, Fish Creek and Duncan River Mines, and will save time, labor and money to prospectors who desire to visit these sections.

LARDEAU CITY has much in its favor. It is affected by the prevailing dullness at present, but its situation is such that it must become an important trading point, and grow into a considerable town.

Investors in West Kootenay should seek particulars about LARDEAU and the District tributary to it. Any information will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.

ROBT. IRVING, TRUSTEE,
VICTORIA, B.C.

D. F. DOUGLAS, RESIDENT AGENT,
LARDEAU, B.C

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage o Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

MUNICIPAL.

List of Property to be Sold for Taxes on the 16th day of October, 1893, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon, in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By law 1893, unless in the meantime the arrears of Taxes and Costs due in respect of each Lot in the schedule hereunder written be paid.

Lot.	Block.	Section.		Amount of Arrearage of Taxes.	Amount of Costs.	Person Assessed.	Registered Owner on the 27th day of March, 1893, as per Land Registry Office.
33	3		Land and Improvements	$ 42 00	$ 9 24	W. G. Bowman	Wm. G. Bowman
Part 87	26		Land	90 66	19 94	M. Moses	Morris Moses
Part 416	13		Land and Improvements	79 20	17 43	W. G. Bowman	Wm. G. Bowman
Part 417	13		Land and Improvements	117 60	25 87	W. G. Bowman	Wm. G. Bowman
Part of subdivision 4 of 618 619	M		Land	31 00	6 82	Unknown	Nicolai Matthiessen
East ½ 878	J		Land and Improvements	7 20	1 58	C Mohr	Lucie Thiebault
997	17		Land	20 40	4 49	Estate of J. Montero	J. Montero
1,007	17		Land and Improvements	23 60	5 19	Estate of J. Montero	J. Montero
8	74		Improvements	2 40	53	J. F. E. Englehardt	Donald Fraser
13 of east ¼ of suburban 5 acre lot XX			Land and Improvements	32 40	7 13	D. McPhadden	Not Registered
18 of suburban 5 acre lot XII			Land and Improvements	88 20	19 40	Jno. Teague	John Teague
Part 7		6 Beckley Farm	Land	8 40	1 85	Chas. Strong	Chas. Strong et al
43		69-72, Spring Ridge	Land and Improvements	10 50	2 31	Dan McLaughlin	Clara O. Haggerty
8	39	Fernwood	Land	4 20	93	W. Trickey	Wm. Trickey
9	39	Fernwood	Land	4 20	93	W. Trickey	Wm. Trickey
16	54-55	Fernwood	Land	2 10	46	W. Foster	Catherine A. Dalby
10	W	Work Estate	Land and Improvements	15 90	3 50	R. Offerhaus	R. Offerhaus
3	D	Work Estate	Land and Improvements	12 90	2 84	T Pamphlet	T. Pamphlet
			Total	$592 86	$130 44		

Dated at City Hall, Victoria, B.C., City Collector's Office, September 13th, 1893.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

se13-td

RAILWAYS.

—THE—

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

IS THE LINE TO TAKE

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It Runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of DINING CARS unsurpassed, PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment. TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and ELEGANT DAY COACHES. A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service. Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

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To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.00 am	Ml	Lv.....Tacoma.....Ar	110	5.15 am
10.15 am	28	......Seattle......	82	3.00 am
1.30 pm	72	. Port Townsend .	38	11.45 pm
4.30 pm	110	Ar ...†Victoria.... Lv	Ml	8.30 pm

PORT TOWNSEND MAIL ROUTE.

	Ml			
11.00 pm	28	Lv.....*Seattle.....Ar	58	
12.30 am	35	.. Port Madison ..	47	2.10 pm
	45	.....Kingston.....	41	
3.00 am	49	...Port Gamble...	21	11.00 am
4.00 am	73	...Port Ludlow...	13	10.00 am
6.00 am	85	Ar.‖Pt.Townsend.Lv	Ml	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst, Gen. Pas. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.
ap2

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 18,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893. Trains run on Pacific. Standard Time.

Stations.	Mls. f'm Wel	South Bound (Read Up) No. 1 Passeng'r Daily	South Bound (Read Up) No. 3 Pass Fri. Sat. Sun.	Mls. f'm Vic	North Bound (Read Down) No. 2 Passeng'r Daily	North Bound (Read Down) No. 4 Pass Fri. Sat. Sun.
		P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
Victoria	78	Ar. 12.24	Ar. 8.00		De. 8.00	De. 3.04
Russell's	77	" 12.20	" 7.56	1	" 8.04	" 3.08
Esquimalt	74	" 12.10	" 7.48	4	" 8.14	" 3.16
Goldstream	67	" 11.45	" 7.28	11	" 8.39	" 3.36
Summit Siding	58	" 11.10	" 6.59	20	" 9.14	" 4.05
Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.50	" 6.37	28	" 9.34	" 4.27
Cobble Hill	47	" 10.40	" 6.27	31	" 9.44	" 4.37
McPherson's	43	" 10.27	" 6.15	35	" 9.57	" 4.49
Koksilah	40	" 10.17	" 6.05	38	" 10.07	" 4.59
Duncan's	38	" 10.12	" 6.00	40	" 10.12	" 5.04
Somenos	35	" 10.02	" 5.52	43	" 10.22	" 5.12
Chemainus	26	" 9.36	" 5.32	52	" 10.48	" 5.32
Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.15	" 5.15	59	" 11.09	" 5.49
Nanaimo	5	De. 8.34 / Ar. 8.25	" 4.42	73	Ar. 11.50 / De. 11.59	" 6.22
Wellington		De. 8.10	De. 4.30	78	Ar. 12.14	Ar. 6.34
		A.M.	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.

On Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
my4 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.

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RAILWAY.

PASSENGERS FOR DULUTH, WEST SUPERIOR, MILWAUKEE, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS AND THE EAST SHOULD TRAVEL VIA THIS ROUTE.

Leave Victoria daily at 8:30 p.m., for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis and the East.

Running Buffet Cars, containing bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., in connection with Palace, Dining and Sleeping Cars, First-class Coaches, and free Tourist Sleepers.

Through Palace Sleeping Cars between Seattle and Chicago.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanogan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers for Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele, Fort Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky mountains in daylight. Fine scenery and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

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F. I. WHITNEY,
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St. Paul, Minnesota. jy1

Chimney Sweeping and Carpet Beating

Grates set and defective flues fixed, etc. A work guaranteed. Address

WM. NEAL,
au21 City Bill Poster, 32 Quadra St.

TO the Fraser River River Gold Gravels Syndicate- Notice is hereby given that application will be made after the 15th day of October, 1893, to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, that the privileges granted by the "Hill's Bar Gold Mining Act 1890," to the Fraser River Gold Gravels Syndicate, Limited," be cancelled.

HAMERSLEY & HAMILTON,
Solicitors for the Applicants.
Dated the 8th day of August, 1893. au10

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1893.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, October 10, 1893.

Sun rises.....6:10 a.m. | Sun sets..... 5:24 p.m.
Moon sets 6 p.m.

Day of the year—283rd.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. slower than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Oct. 8, 1893.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

a. m..	42	Mean 46°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	46°		
9 a. m..	46°	Highest 53°	5 a.m.—4 S.
1 p. m..	53°		1 p.m.—Calm.
5 p. m..	48°	Lowest 44°	9 p.m.—Calm.
9 p. m..	44		Rain—.19

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine (in hours) 5.21.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Oct. 9, 1893.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m..	41°	Mean 46°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	42°		
9 a. m..	45°	Highest 51°	5 a.m.—Calm.
1 p. m..	51°		1 p.m.—Calm.
5 p. m..	48°	Lowest 40°	9 p.m.—12 S.
9 p. m..	46°		Rain—.01

Sunshine (in hours) —
Average state of weather—Cloudy.

BIRTH.

KENT—In this city, on the 9th inst., the wife of Herbert Kent, 213 Yates street, of a daughter.

DIED.

KIRK—October 6, at Riffhams, Danbury Essex, England, Emily, the beloved relict of Col. James Buchanan Kirk, late 91st Argyllshire Highlanders, aged 75 years.

BISHOP—In this city, on Friday, Oct. 6, Kenneth Clyde, infant son of H. A. and Emma J. Bishop, aged 5½ months.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, Oct. 12, at 1 o'clock, from the residence, 81 John St. Friends will please accept this intimation.

—WEAR—
Granby : Rubber
BOOTS AND SHOES.
oc10

The Reason Why
you can get a Jacket at cost price
at The White House,
is because
we are positively going out of the Mantle Trade and so intend to close out the whole of the stock in that Department at the lowest prices imaginable.
See our windows
To-day.
HENRY YOUNG & CO.

New Books.

Cogswell's History of British Columbia...$	50
Half a Hero, Anthony Hope.....	50
All Along the River Miss Braddon.....	50
Parson Jones, by Florence Marryatt.....	50
Madame Rosely, Mlle. V. Mennoit.....	50
Young Ladies' Journal for October.....	30
Prince of India, by Lew Wallace, 2 vols..	3 00

Dutton's Gift Books for the Holiday Season.
The above for sale by
T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

Arrived.
Our final shipment of novelties in Jackets, Mantles, Capes, etc., direct from the manufacturers. Our stock in this department is now complete. We take this opportunity to thank the ladies who have so kindly awaited these arrivals, and to remark that they will be amply repaid by a visit to our show rooms, and comparison of our goods and prices with anything in British Columbia.
W. S. HAMPSON & CO.,
The Stanley House,
Corner Douglas and Fort Sts.

A SURGEON of the National Surgical Institute, which treats all deformities, diseases of the spine, hip and knee joints, paralysis, club feet, and all chronic diseases, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Victoria, Monday, October 16, one day, to examine cases for treatment. No charge is made for examination. References: Governor E. P. Ferry, Olympia; Supreme Justice Jno. P. Hoyt, Olympia, Ben E. Snipes, banker, Seattle; D. Waite, contractor, Vancouver, and hundreds of others. oc10-dy12-wy2

IMMIGRANTS TO THE U. S.

Provisions for Their Inspection at Quebec, Vancouver, Victoria and Other Places.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The circular issued by Superintendant of Immigration Stump, to carry out the agreement with the Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the United States who landed in Canada provides for an immigrant certificate, which entitles the holder to admission into the United States when properly certified by the U. S. commissioner at the port of entry. The circular also provides for the payment of a head tax by the steamer landing the immigrants. The ports of Halifax, Quebec, Point Levis, Vancouver and Victoria, are the only ports at which such immigrants shall be landed.

Australia Beats Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 9.—The cricket match between All Philadelphia and the Australians was concluded to-day. Bannerman and Gregory, the noted men of Saturday's match, made the needed 20 runs, winning the game for Australia.

Californian Miners' Association.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—At the third annual convention of the California Miners' Association to-day, Jacob Neff, was unanimously re-elected president of the Association, S. K. Thornton, vice-president, and A. C. Ralston, secretary.

Missing in Arizona.

YUMA, Ariz., Oct. 9.—An Indian herder found a body a hundred miles above Yuma and West Ehrenberg believed to be that of Conrad Davis, of Clifton, Arizona. A cattle herder is also missing. His mule returning to camp without him, search was made near and far. The tracks of two other men supposed to be prospectors Ross and Williams, were also discovered.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

The Saucy American Again Demonstrates the Superiority of the Centreboard.

A Good Race Well Sailed—Arrangements Advancing for the Lacrosse Club Welcome.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—This was Great Britain's day so far as weather for a yacht race was concerned, and Lord Dunraven and all the crew of the rakish black cutter were happy when they went down the bay in the morning. C. Oliver Iselin and the gallant crew of the white cup defender were the happy ones when the yachts came back in the afternoon. They led a triumphant procession of yachts and excursion craft up the harbor—for the Vigilant had added another victory to her score. She had walked away from the Valkyrie in wind that tapped the seas with foam, and drove clouds of spray over her weatherbow.

The day was an ideal one for an outside race. The air was as clear as crystal—it had the vigorous freshness of October in it—and every old salt that sniffed it in the early morning predicted a blowing day. The yachtsmen, American as well as British, were glad that the day had arrived when there could be no excuse of light winds for either of the contestants, and all felt that the comparative merits of the two crack single-stickers would be made plain before the day was over, and the anxious citizens of two nations would be able to make something more than a guess as to which is the Queen of yachts.

The first of the international races was run to leeward and return, that of to-day, the second in the series of three in five, was over a triangular course of thirty miles, ten miles to the leg. There was bound to be windward work and reaching, and that always makes a prettier race than a leeward run. When the wind came up out of the southwest in the early morning, all the yachtsmen and yachtswomen put on their blue caps and seagoing togs and started down the bay on the usual fleet of excursion boats, which included everything from a big ocean steamer to a naphtha launch. The big boats were the popular ones to-day, and many of the small craft did not go half way down the bay before they turned tail to the seas that threatened to engulf them and returned to the city. There was the usual crowd of patriotic citizens, who went down to see to it personally that the Yankee sailor boys did their duty in the defence of the America's cup. They were not quite equal to Saturday's crowd in numbers, but they made more noise, especially when they saw the manner in which the white sloop showed her stern to the black cutter. The Dolphin, with Admiral Gherardi on board, was conspicuous in the fleet; so was William K. Vanderbilt's new steam yacht Valiant, with the Countess Dunraven on board. Other crack steamers were ex-Commodore Gerry's Electra, E C. Benedict's Oneida, Ogden Goelet's White Lady, and J. J. Astor's Nourmahal, which recently ran on the rocks. The excursion boats kept at a more respectable distance from the yachts than on any previous day, and did not interfere with them in any way.

The two yachts left their anchorage off Bay Ridge, where they had been over Sunday, rather early. The Vigilant got away at 7:40 a.m. and the Valkyrie had her anchor up at 8 o'clock. Both boats were towed down to Sandy Hook, being saluted by the incoming steamers, tugs and excursion boats as they went down the Bay. The wind was south of southwest and blowing thirteen miles an hour. The Vigilant made for the horseshoe, where under shelter of land she ran up her mainsail, jib and forestay sail. She then went on out to sea, with her sails aiding the tug. The Valkyrie did not seem to mind the breeze which was getting stronger all the time, and taking a short cut through the swash channel made sail as she went. She ran up her club topsail without heading up into the wind. This was not her largest one, as there were indications of more wind later. The Valkyrie arrived at the Sandy Hook lightship an hour before the time of starting. After a consultation had been held on board, the topsail was taken down, and the larger one, which she used on Saturday, went up instead. At this time the wind was blowing a good fifteen miles an hour.

The Vigilant ran up her large club topsail at 10 o'clock. Both boats cruised about north of the lightship for an hour before the start. On board the Valkyrie were Lord Dunraven, Lord Wolverton and one of Lord Dunraven's daughters. She seemed perfectly at home on deck, and when there was any unusual activity she stood on the companion way. Others on the British yacht were Capt. Cranfield, Designer Wilson, Sailmaker Ratrey and Archibald Rogers, On the Vigilant were C. Oliver Iselin, August Belmont, Nat. Herreschof, A. Willard, E. Butler Duncan, Jr., H. Leeds, Newberry D. Thorne and Capt. Hansen, who was at the tiller; Capt. Terry, who looked out for the sails, and Chas. Kerr, the representative of Lord Dunraven. On the bridge of the flagship May were Commodore Edwin D. Morgan, ex-Commodore S. Nicholson Kane, A. Canfield, Gen. Chas. Payne, Irving Grinnell, J. Rogers Maxwell, J. S. V. Oddie, Chas. Russell and Stanley Mortimer.

Before the start the excursion boats and tugs massed in two groups, one around the lightship and one around the May. At the request of the skipper of the Vigilant, all of the boats around the lightship moved over to the other side of the course, so that the yachts could work up to the line close under the lee of the lightship without their wind being broken.

The Vigilant showed her bronze bottom as she heeled over and bowled along, the seas occasionally dashing spray over her white-jacketed crew. The Valkyrie did not heel quite so much, but she showed some of her copper below the water line. The wind was blowing twenty miles an hour when both boats went over the line, within ten seconds of each other, the Vigilant leading by the length of her bowsprit.

They made a pretty race as they started on the beat to windward of 10 miles to the first mark, which was off North Long Branch, and set close in shore, that a good view of the racing might be obtained from Seabright, Monmouth Beach and Long Branch.

As on Saturday, the Valkyrie forged ahead at the start. She was not running quite as close to the wind as the white sloop, but she was going faster. In ten minutes the Valkyrie led by four lengths, but the Vigilant was a trifle to windward. The Valkyrie increased her lead to ten lengths at the end of the first half hour, and then, while the Englishmen on the steamboats were hugging themselves with joy, the Vigilant began to cut down the open water between her bow and the Valkyrie's stern. She walked right up and took the lead, and the race was a procession from this point.

The cup defender gained four minutes and five seconds in the first ten miles' tacking to windward; four minutes and twenty-one seconds in the second ten miles; and three minutes and twenty-six seconds in the last ten miles. She crossed the line ahead of the Valkyrie twelve minutes and twenty-three seconds actual time, and deducting the time allowance of one minute and forty-eight seconds, she won by ten minutes and thirty-five seconds.

The steam whistles of all the craft that could keep the pace set by the white sloop, greeted her, and the people on the decks yelled themselves horse. The Valkyrie was over two miles astern when the Vigilant finished.

The thirty mile race was run in three hours and 25 minutes. The wind blew almost half a gale during the last half of the race, and the boats came in with their decks forward wet with spray. All the excursion boats saluted the Vigilant and also the Valkyrie as they steamed past them coming back to the city. The next race will be on Wednesday. It will be a beat to windward, 15 miles and return. Should the Vigilant win again, the America cup will remain here at least another year, and the American centreboard will still be the champion yacht of the world.

George L. Watson, designer of the Valkyrie, said to-night, when asked for his opinion of the race: "They beat us; that is all there is about it, first and last." "Did you have any trouble?" "No; everything was square; the Vigilant outsailed us on every point." "Was the Vigilant's success due to her model as a centre-board, or to her greater sail area?" "I cannot say. Of course, she carries more sail. The Vigilant is a remarkable boat." "Would the Valkyrie do better in a heavy, choppy sea?" "I don't know. The Vigilant outsailed us on every course and in every wind."

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The Daily News, referring to the second race for the America's cup, says: It seems to be all over with the Valkyrie. She has been beaten again under conditions that furnished as good a test of speed and seamanship as could have been desired. It is impossible any longer to believe that she is as well built and as well handled as is the Vigilant. Our yachtsmen and yacht-builders must again go to school in America. Some secret of the American mind in this branch of sport we have yet to master. The fact that the Valkyrie had to make more tacks than the Vigilant seems to point to the handling rather than the building as the reason for the superiority of the American boat.

LACROSSE.

THE SOUVENIR MEDALS.

At the joint meeting of the Citizen's committee and the lacrosse executive held on Saturday it was decided to award trophies to the following: W. H Cullin, Z. Ketchum, A. E. Belfry, C. L. Cullin, H. E. Morton, G. D. Tite, W. F. Blight, F. E. Cullin, A. E. Macnaughton, R. J. Frost, R. Eckardt, W. H. Clark, W. G. Mackenzie, R. H. Cheyne, W. E. Ditchburn, W. J. Burnes, and S. Campbell. The manner and time of presentation was left to the lacrosse executive, who will meet at four o'clock this afternoon in the office of Robt. Irving, Broad street, to complete arrangements for the formal reception to the team. The souvenir decided upon is in the shape of a gold locket, to bear on its face lacrosse sticks crossed and the monogram of the club, with the year, and on the other side will be the inscription: "Presented by the citizens of Victoria; championship of B.C. and Eastern tour," besides the name and position of the player.

BASEBALL.

CHAMPIONS OF CANADA.

TORONTO, Oct. 9.—The baseball match for the championship of Canada between the Cobourg team and the Alerts of Toronto, resulted in favor of Cobourg by a score of 19 to 7.

HERE AND THERE.

The Victoria Rugby Football team will have a practice game on Beacon Hill this afternoon, all members being expected to attend.

A special and important meeting of the managing committee will be held at the J. B. A. A. clubhouse this evening.

Both Barnard and Fitz Henry have responded accepting Jim McCann's challenge for a "go" with the gloves.

Victoria College and the Naval Officers will have a match at Beacon Hill tomorrow afternoon.

The Harriers Club of Victoria College will have their first run on Saturday afternoon. The pack is said to be a fast one. It is expected that several of the old boys will turn out.

The postponed fight between Jack Dempsey and Dick Burge is off.

Lord Churchill at Huddersfield.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The Unionist campaign was begun to-day with a demonstration at Huddersfield, under the auspices of the Yorkshire Conservative Association. There was a procession, followed by a gathering in the Town Hall, presided over by Sir Joseph Crosland, M.P. The principal speaker was Lord Randolph Churchill, who made his first public appearance since his return from the German Springs, where he has been seeking relief from his numerous physical troubles. His speech was characterized by considerable heat and vindictiveness, Gladstone being unmercifully blackguarded and the House of Lords applauded and justified for its rejection of the Home Rule bill.

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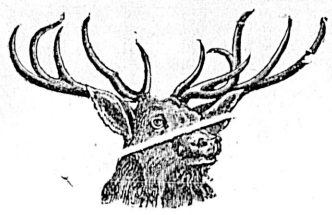
Reindeer Brand  Condensed Milk.

A most satisfactory food for infants. Sample can free to any address. Use "Reindeer Brand Coffee for all sorts of outings. It's splendid! Sold by grocers everywhere.

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THE TERMINAL CITY.

J. H. Quigley, the Lacrosse Player—Late Mining News—Very Satisfactory Developments.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 9.—J. H. Quigley, who died at his parents residence here on Saturday evening, was born in Sherbrooke, Q., 28 years ago, moving with his parents to Winnipeg in 1879, and graduating from the University of Manitoba in 1886. He was one of the founders of the Assiniboine lacrosse club in 1881, and in this club developed his wonderful powers as centre fielder, though he showed himself a star player in any position in the field. The club was disorganized in 1884, and in 1885 Mr. Buigley became a volunteer during the rebellion, enlisting in the 92nd. On their return and disbandment his love for the national game prompted him to organize the famous 90th lacrosse club, named after the 90th regiment of which he became a member. It was with this club that he earned the reputation of being the star lacrosse player of the West. He came to Vancouver in 1889, entering the law office of Mr. L G. McPhillips, where he was engaged for two years. After reaching here he joined the Vancouver Lacrosse Club, and was an active player for two years, when he drifted into aquatics, and won honors the first year by being one of the four-oared junior crew who returned champions from Portland in 1891. He was also an expert Association football player, having been a member of the Collegiate Association football team in Winnipeg. Through ill health he retired from participating in sports a year ago, but continued to be one of the chief directors of the brilliant career of the Terminal City lacrosse club until his death. The funeral took place at 10 o'clock this morning from the family residence to the Church of Our Lady of Holy Rosary.

Bishop Durieu pronounced the special papal benediction on Sunday evening at the church of Our Lady of the Rosary. There was special music.

George McDougall, of Montreal, has been visiting the mines in Cariboo in the interests of Eastern speculators. He speaks enthusiastically of the prosperity of British Columbia.

The Bridge river gold mine is said to be panning out well, while glowing accounts come from Kanaka Bar. The manager of the K. B. Gold Co., came in last night, with encouraging stories and fine samples of ore.

H. Abbott and Mr. Bupton returned from their Cariboo visit last evening. Both gentlemen are interested in the Horse Fly creek claim, which is being developed at considerable expense. Water has to be brought a great distance, and already ten miles of the ditch has been dug. To get in the machinery and supplies the company has found it necessary to open a road from 108 mile post on the Barkerville stage road to the mine, a distance of 45 miles. The company is doing this large amount of work itself, and already has opened 33 miles. Work can be continued for a month longer, and then will be resumed in early spring. Most of the miners are Chinese, and it was learned that those in Quesnelle are making from $10 to $50 a day with the rocker; gold going in dust to China without passing through the banks.

Cecil Smith brings from Lytton a report of a rich strike of gold in Bootanie Creek. Mr. Smith and partners took up 160 acres along the creek and began developing in July last, and have at length reached the pay streak. The gravel in the pay shaft tunnel yields at present $8 a yard. The prospectors claim to have located the bed of the former stream. A company is being organized with shares of $100. The claim is two and a half miles from Lytton, on the Thomson river.

PERSONAL.

P. A. Paulson, of Tacoma, is in town.

Hon. D. W. Higgins went over the Sound Sunday.

Alexander Dunsmuir has returned to San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Margins have returned from Manitoba.

Rev. J. E. Coombs left for Seattle on the City of Kingston Sunday evening.

Henry and Mrs. Waller have returned from seeing the sights of the Fair.

Charles A. Godson has returned from a business trip to Eastern Canada.

Hon. Forbes G. Vernon has returned from a visit to the Upper Country.

Mrs. Barnard and Miss Loewen arrived home by the Mainland boat on Sunday.

Hon. Theodore Davie, premier and attorney-general, is expected home this evening.

Acton Burrows, of Winnipeg, was a passenger by the Premier on Sunday evening.

W. F. Cochrane, manager for the Cochrane Ranch Co., Alberta, is visiting Victoria.

Rev. Father Mandart was taken ill on Sunday last and is now at St. Joseph's hospital.

George McDougall, of Montreal, well-known in mining circles, is a guest at the Driard.

J. D. McNiven, of the COLONIST news room, has returned from a visit to Eastern cities.

Mme. Edwardes Moore has returned from England by way of New York, and will resume her classes at once.

Miss Aspland and Mrs. Lang left for England last evening, via the C.P.R. and s.s. Ontario, having greatly enjoyed their brief visit to Victoria.

P. Schwengers yesterday entered St. Joseph hospital where Drs. O. M. Jones and John A. Duncan will to-day perform an operation, in the hope of restoring his health.

Among the guests at the Dallas are: Charles H. Bronson and wife, New York; George R. Proctor and wife, Boston; Judge Cross, Miss Cross, Montreal; Miss A. Gatenby, Manchester, Eng.; and C. S. Hudson, Caruz, Peru.

JAPANESE leather wall papers, especially suited for dadoes, handsome and durable, at Weiler Bros.

IT pays to buy the old reliable Wellington coal. Weight and quality guaranteed. Hall, Goepel & Co. oc6

HOSPITAL BOARD MEETING.

Regular Routine Business Transacted—Matters Progressing Satisfactorily.

There were present at last evening's meeting of the Jubilee Hospital Board Messrs. Charles Hayward, presiding, F. H. Worlock, H. Dallas Helmcken, A. C. Flumerfelt, E. Crow Baker, W. M. Chudley, A. Wilson, H. M. Yates, J. S. Yates, Joshua Davies, G. H. Brown, I. Braverman, J. Braden, T. Shotbolt, and F. B. Gregory.

The doctor's, matron's and house steward's reports were received and filed. They showed that everything is working satisfactorily.

Mr. Davies gave an explanation of a contrivance to be attached to the ambulance to save jolting to patients. The cost of the proposed spring was only $20, and Mr. Davies recommended that the expenditure was advisable, if not absolutely necessary. The matter was referred to the committee.

In response to a question from Mr. Wilson, the chairman said the collections were coming in, but slowly, and there was an expression of opinion that something further should be done.

The Board then proceeded to the consideration of the amendment of the by-laws for the training school. In regard to the change giving the control of the training school for nurses to the matron, Mr. Worlock pointed out that the by-law as proposed held the matron responsible for the conduct of the nurses when on and off duty, and suggested that such responsibility should only have effect while the nurses were on the premises. The suggestion was accordingly adopted, and the Board proceeded with the by-laws, which were amended in several other particulars.

The treasurer's report was next received and passed. Mr. Chudley also referred to the matter of insurance, which, however, is still under consideration and will be finally reported on at the next meeting.

The number of patients in the hospital September 1 was 39; admitted during the month, 47; total, 86. There were discharged 39; died, 6; and remained in hospital on 1st October, 41 patients.

Mr. Chudley wished to draw attention to what seemed a thoughtless practice of the public in placing a lot of miscellaneous articles in the box at the entrance gate. He had found there a collection of waste paper, buttons and matches, and among the lot were a five dollar bill and some silver. It would be much kinder if people would send these donations up to the hospital; the matter, he considered, had only to be brought before the public in the proper spirit, to be remedied. The hospital ball, it was announced, would take place about the end of the present month.

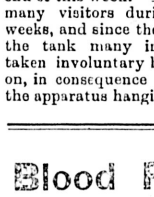
The meeting then adjourned.

THE steamer Queen arrived from San Francisco last night. Included in the freight she landed at Victoria were 100 flasks of quicksilver for transhipment to Australia, where it will be used in the gold mines.

AN unexpected delay in connecting the exhaust pipe has prevented the opening of the Leander swimming bath at the expected time, but it is now thought this new institution will be ready for the public by the end of this week. There have been a great many visitors during the past couple of weeks, and since the water has been let into the tank many incautious persons have taken involuntary baths, with their clothes on, in consequence of experimenting with the apparatus hanging above the water.

Blood Poisoning

Mrs. Mary E. O'Fallon, a very intelligent lady of Piqua, Ohio, was poisoned while assisting physicians at an autopsy 5 years ago, and soon **terrible ulcers** broke out on her head, arms, tongue and throat. Her hair all came out. Her husband spent hundreds of dollars without any benefit. She weighed but 78 pounds, and saw no prospect of help. At last she began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and at once improved; could soon get out of bed and walk. She says, "I became perfectly cured by


Mrs. M. E. O'Fallon.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and am now a well woman. I weigh 128 pounds, eat well and do the work for a large family. My case seems a wonderful recovery and physicians look at me in astonishment, as almost **like one raised from the dead.**"

HOOD'S PILLS should be in every family medicine chest. Once used, always preferred.

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LEADING
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5% REBATE
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AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE
THIS DAY
AT 2 P.M.
Under Distraint for Rent

The Victoria Auction Company are instructed to sell at the
Victoria Marble Works, 135 Douglas St.
A large assortment of unfinished and finished Marble, consisting of
Headstones, Monuments, Tablets, Mantles, Etc., Etc.
W. T. HARDAKER,
oc8 2t Auctioneer.

SHORT NOTICE OF SALE
114 Menzies St., James Bay.
H. CUTHBERT & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
Are instructed by Mr. Brown, who is leaving for England, to sell by auction on the premises, on
THIS DAY
At 11 a.m., the whole of his valuable
Household Furniture
AND EFFECTS
Comprising half tester English iron and brass bedstead, spring and top mattresses, feather bed, 2 feather pillows and bolster, bed hangings, 2 hardwood bed sets (6 pieces), spring mattresses, flock beds, 2 carpet squares, 1 night chair, 2 toilet sets, extension table hanging lamp, bookcase, bed lounge, oak rocker, 1 rug, skin mats, 6 cane chairs, high chair, 1 baby buggy, almost new oil cloth, 1 pair chenille curtains, 1 pole, No. 8 cook stove, kitchen tables and chairs, wringing machine, 1 set of china, cooking and household requisites, garden tools, etc.
Please note that this sale commences also at 11 a. m.
H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
oc8 Leading Auctioneers.

25 RICHARDSON STREET.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
Are instructed to sell by
AUCTION
By H. V. Burner, Esq., on the premises, on
THURSDAY NEXT at 11 A.M.
The whole of his
Elegant & Costly Furnishings
Comprising Solid Oak Dining Room Furniture, including elaborately carved sideboard with bevelled plate back, massive extension table, superior dining chairs, elegant combined bookcase and secretaire, standard lamp, bed lounge, valuable Persian carpet square, hearth rug, combined clock chronometer and Thermometer.
IN PARLOR—One Parisian lounge, in chenielle, rattan music stand, 2 rattan arm and rocking chairs, expensively upholstered, large bamboo whatnot, maple pedestal, gent's massive easy chair, in real Morrocco leather, 1 rattan rocker, rare vases and bronzes, very rare etching, water color by M. D. Graff, electro-plated ware, three engravings, very fine Brussels carpet, hearth rug, 2 pairs lace curtains.
IN HALL—Hall hat and umbrella stand, Brussels carpet, bracket lamp, 2 pairs superior chenille curtains, skin mats, etc., curtain poles with solid brass ends.
IN BEDROOM No. 1—Very fine polished solid oak bed set, usual pieces, solid oak cheffonier, 5 feet high, blankets, sheets and pillows, spring and hair mattresses, 30 yards Brussels carpet, in excellent condition.
IN BEDROOMS No 2 and 3—Oak bed set, usual pieces, toilet service, carpet square, rug, spring and top mattresses, blankets, comforts, sheets, single bedstead and mattress, bureau, washstand.
IN KITCHEN—"Superior" cooking range, oil cloth, kitchen tables and chairs, dinner set, crockery, cooking utensils.
OUTSIDE—Hosepiping, 2 heating stoves, old cook stove, wringer and tubs, etc.
Please note this sale is at 11 a m. On view Wednesday, from 2 to 4 only. The desirable residence to let.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
oc8 Leading Auctioneers.

Sale of Government Lands by Public Auction.

AT THE COURT HOUSE, VERNON, commencing at 10 a.m., on the 12th day of October, 1893, I will offer for sale a great portion of the land known as "The Commonage," between Okanagan and Long lakes, and mostly situated on the shores of those lakes. There are 259 lots, varying from one acre to forty acres in extent.

TERMS OF SALE.—The parcels of land which front on the lake will be offered at an upset price of $10 per acre, and the remaining parcels at $2.50 per acre.

PAYMENTS.—One-third cash and the remainder in six and twelve months, with interest at six per cent.

Maps and catalogues may be obtained from Government Land Office, Victoria and Vernon.
M. LUMBY,
Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Vernon, August 30th, 1893. se8-td

NOTICE.
I have taken W. H. Crogan, baker, late of J. J. Wilson's, into partnership, and the Liverpool Bakery will in future be carried on in the name of
LUCAS & CROGAN.
(Signed) H. C. LUCAS.
Witness:
B. COOPER.
oc8 6t

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf